# T．E．I．$\Delta Y T I K H \Sigma E \Lambda \Lambda A \Delta A \Sigma$  TРОФIM』N KAI $\triangle I A T P O Ф Н \Sigma ~$ TMHMA MHXANOAOГIAธ KAI YДATIN $\Omega$ I IOPSN 

## ПТҮХІАКН ЕРГАЕIA

## ПPOEAIOPILMOE TH $\Sigma$ Y $\Delta P A Y \Lambda I K H \Sigma ~ А Г \Omega Г I M O T H T A \Sigma ~$ KOPEエMOY TOY EAAФOYェ ェTO ПEДIO ME THN ME＠OДO TOY $\triangle I A \Pi E P A T O M E T P O Y ~ G U E L P H ~$

ПАNАГI』THะ ПANTEXHะ
A．M： 11138

I』AKEIM XATZHIQAKEIM
A．M： 9229


EIEHLHTHE：AP．NIKONAOE MAAAMOE
МЕЕОАОГГI，IOYNIO天 2014
$\Theta \varepsilon \omega \rho о и ́ \mu \varepsilon$ vлохןє́ $\omega \sigma \eta ́ \mu \alpha \varsigma ~ v \alpha ~ \varepsilon v \chi \alpha \rho ı \sigma \tau \eta ́ \sigma o v \mu \varepsilon ~ \tau о v ~ \varepsilon \pi \imath \beta \lambda \varepsilon ́ \pi о \nu \tau \alpha$
 Елıл $\lambda \varepsilon ́ o v, ~ Ө \varepsilon ́ \lambda о v \mu \varepsilon ~ v \alpha ~ \varepsilon v \chi \alpha \rho ı \sigma \tau \eta ́ \sigma o v \mu \varepsilon ~ \theta \varepsilon \rho \mu \alpha ́ ~ \tau o v ~ \pi \rho o ́ ~ \varepsilon \delta \rho o ~ \tau о v ~$





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## 1. ЕІІАГЛГН




 $\sigma \tau \eta \nu \alpha \tau \mu \circ ́ \sigma \varphi \alpha \iota \rho \alpha \mu \varepsilon \tau \eta \delta 1 \alpha \delta 1 \kappa \alpha \sigma i ́ \alpha \tau \eta \varsigma \delta 1 \alpha \pi \nu \circ \eta \varsigma$.
















 $\gamma \nu \omega ́ \sigma \eta ~ \tau \omega v \pi \alpha \rho \alpha \gamma o ́ v \tau \omega v \alpha \nu \tau \omega ́ v$.



 д́ $\rho \delta \varepsilon \cup \sigma \eta$ каı $\tau\rceil \varsigma ~ \delta \alpha ́ \alpha \rho \kappa \varepsilon ı \alpha \varsigma ~ \kappa \alpha ́ \theta \varepsilon ~ \alpha \rho \delta \varepsilon v ́ \sigma \varepsilon \omega \varsigma . ~$




 тоv $\varepsilon \delta \alpha ́ \varphi \rho o v \varsigma ~ v \alpha \mu \varepsilon \tau \alpha \varphi \varepsilon ́ \rho \varepsilon ı ~ v \varepsilon \rho o ́ . ~$




 Guelph permeameter $\pi$ оо $\beta \alpha \sigma i \zeta \varepsilon \tau \alpha \iota ~ \sigma \tau \eta ~ \mu \varepsilon ́ \theta o \delta o ~ \mu \varepsilon ́ \tau \rho \eta \sigma \eta \varsigma ~ \mu \varepsilon ~ \tau \eta v ~ v ́ \pi \alpha \rho \xi ̆ \eta ~ \sigma \tau \alpha \theta \varepsilon \rho o v ́ ~ p o \rho \tau i ́ o v . ~$

## 1.1 $\triangle$ OMH THГ EPГAटIA天





 $\tau \omega v \mu \varepsilon \tau \rho \eta ́ \sigma \varepsilon \omega v \mu \varepsilon \tau \iota \varsigma \alpha \nu \tau i ́ \sigma \tau о \chi \chi \varepsilon \varsigma \gamma \rho \alpha \varphi ı \kappa \varepsilon ́ \varsigma \pi \alpha \rho \alpha \sigma \tau \alpha ́ \sigma \varepsilon ६ \varsigma$.

### 1.2. TO E $\triangle А \Phi O \Sigma$













 $\alpha \pi о Ө \eta ́ \kappa \varepsilon \cup \sigma \eta$ тоט vєрои́.







 $\gamma і \cup \varepsilon \tau \alpha ı \mu \varepsilon \mu \eta \chi \alpha v \iota \kappa \dot{\prime} \alpha v \alpha ́ \lambda v \sigma \eta$.





| Характпрьбио́я $\sigma \omega \mu \alpha \tau \iota \delta i ́ \omega v$ | $\Delta$ ı́́ $\mu \varepsilon \tau \rho о \varsigma$ <br> ко́ккшข. <br> mm | A $\rho \imath \theta$ нós <br> ко́ккшv $\alpha v \alpha$ gr | Eлı¢о́vela ко́ккшv. $\mathrm{cm}^{2} / \mathrm{gr}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| А ${ }^{\prime} \mu \boldsymbol{\mu}$ | 2,00-0,05 |  |  |
| Подט́ $\chi$ оvбри́ | 2,00-1,00 | 90 | 11 |
| Xovঠ¢ŋ́ | 1,00-0,50 | 720 | 23 |
|  | 0,50-0,25 | 5700 | 45 |
| $\Lambda \varepsilon \pi \tau$ ¢́ | 0,25-0,10 | 46000 | 91 |
| По入v́ $\lambda \varepsilon \pi \tau \tau$ ¢́ | 0,10-0,05 | 722000 | 227 |
| İús | 0,05-0,002 | 5776000 | 454 |
| Apyı $\lambda \lambda$ os | $<0,002$ | 90261000 | 8000000 |


 $\sigma \chi \varepsilon ́ \sigma \eta \mu \varepsilon \tau \eta \delta о \mu \eta$, кат $\alpha$ тo USDA Agricultural Information Handbook (1959), $\tau \alpha$








$\varepsilon \delta \dot{\alpha ́ \varphi \eta ~ o l ~ к о ́ к к о ı ~ \sigma \chi \eta \mu \alpha \tau i ́ ̧ o v v ~ \sigma v \sigma \sigma \omega \mu \alpha \tau ஸ ́ \mu \alpha \tau \alpha ~ \pi о v ~ \varepsilon ́ \chi о v v ~ \mu о р \varphi \eta ́ ~ к и ́ \beta \omega v ~ к \alpha ı ~}$








$\Sigma \chi \eta ́ \mu \alpha 1.1$ : К $\alpha \tau \alpha ́ \tau \alpha \xi \eta ~ \varepsilon \delta \alpha \varphi \omega ́ v ~ \sigma \varepsilon \tau v ́ \pi о v \varsigma ~ v \varphi \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \alpha v \alpha ́ \lambda о \gamma \alpha \mu \varepsilon \tau \eta v$
 Handbook 18.














 $\alpha \pi о Ө \eta к \varepsilon \varepsilon ́ \sigma \varepsilon \omega \varsigma ~ \tau о \cup ~ v \varepsilon \rho о и ์ . ~$

### 1.3 TO EДAФIKO NEPO


 $\pi \varepsilon ́ \rho \alpha ~ \alpha \pi o ́ ~ \tau \eta ~ \beta \alpha \rho v ́ \tau \eta \tau \alpha, ~ \varepsilon v \varepsilon \rho \gamma о v ́ v ~ \kappa \alpha ı ~ \alpha ́ \lambda \lambda \varepsilon \varsigma ~ \delta v v \alpha ́ \mu \varepsilon ı \varsigma . ~ Y \pi o ́ ~ \tau \eta v ~ \varepsilon \pi i ́ \delta \rho \alpha \sigma \eta ~ \tau о v \varsigma ~ \tau о ~ v \varepsilon \rho o ́ ~$






 $\sigma \omega \mu \alpha ́ \tau \omega v$ каı $\alpha v \tau i ́ \sigma \tau \rho о \varphi \alpha ~ \alpha v \alpha ́ \lambda о \gamma \eta ~ \mu \varepsilon ~ \tau о ~ \tau \varepsilon \tau \rho \alpha ́ \gamma \omega v o ~ \tau \eta \varsigma ~ \mu \varepsilon \tau \alpha \xi ้ v ́ ~ \tau o v \varsigma ~ \alpha \pi о \sigma \tau \alpha ́ \sigma \varepsilon \omega \varsigma . ~ A v \tau o ́ ~$ $\varepsilon \kappa \varphi \rho \alpha ́ \zeta \varepsilon \tau \alpha 1 \alpha \pi o ́ ~ \tau \eta ~ \sigma \chi \varepsilon ́ \sigma \eta$

$$
\begin{equation*}
F=c \frac{m M}{r^{2}} \tag{1.1}
\end{equation*}
$$


 (1.1) $\gamma$ ívetal

$$
\begin{equation*}
F=G \frac{m M}{r^{2}} \tag{1.2}
\end{equation*}
$$




$\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{m} \alpha=\mathrm{G} \frac{m M}{R^{2}} \rightarrow a=g=\frac{G M}{R^{2}}$





 $\sigma \tau \eta \not \lambda \eta \varsigma ~ \kappa \alpha l ~ \varepsilon \kappa \varphi \rho \alpha ́ \zeta ̧ \varepsilon \tau \alpha l ~ \alpha \pi o ́ ~ \tau \eta ~ \sigma \chi \varepsilon ́ \sigma \eta$

$$
\begin{equation*}
p=\rho g h \tag{1.4}
\end{equation*}
$$



$p=g h$





 $\gamma \omega v i ́ \alpha ~ \varepsilon \pi \alpha \varphi \eta ́ \varsigma ~ v \varepsilon \rho \circ v ́-\gamma v \alpha \lambda ı o v ́ ~ \varepsilon i ́ v \alpha ı ~ \mu \eta \delta \varepsilon ́ v, ~ \delta \eta \lambda \alpha \delta ঠ ́ ~ \tau о ~ v \varepsilon \rho o ́ ~ \delta ı \beta \beta \rho \varepsilon ́ \chi \varepsilon ı ~ \tau о ~ \gamma v \alpha \lambda i ́ . ~ \Sigma \chi \varepsilon \tau ı к \alpha ́ ~ \mu \varepsilon ~ \tau о ~$






$\sigma=\frac{F}{L}$

$\Sigma \chi \eta ́ \mu \alpha 1.2$ : Г $\omega v i ́ \varepsilon \varsigma ~ \varepsilon \pi \alpha \varphi \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \sigma \varepsilon ~ \mu ı \alpha ~ \lambda \varepsilon \varepsilon i ́ \alpha ~ \varepsilon \pi ı \varphi \alpha ́ v \varepsilon ı \alpha ~ к \alpha ı ~ \delta u ́ o ~$ סıацорєтıка́ vүюд́


 тáбๆ દívaı
$\sigma=\frac{F}{2 L}=\frac{F}{2(2 \pi r)}$




 $\sigma \omega \lambda \eta{ }^{2} v \alpha$ عívaı

$$
\begin{equation*}
F=(2 \pi r) \times \sigma \cos \theta \tag{1.8}
\end{equation*}
$$




$$
\begin{equation*}
W=(\rho g) \times(\pi r 2) \times h \tag{1.9}
\end{equation*}
$$



$(\rho g) \times(\pi r 2) \times h=(2 \pi r) \times \sigma \times \cos \theta \rightarrow h=\frac{2 \sigma \cdot \cos \theta}{\rho g r}$

$h=\frac{2 \sigma}{\rho g r}$








 $\mu \varepsilon \tau \eta \sigma \chi \varepsilon ́ \sigma \eta$
$F=\mathrm{v} \frac{\mathrm{AV}}{\mathrm{L}} \rightarrow \mathrm{v}=\frac{\mathrm{FL}}{\mathrm{AV}}$








|  | İ¢́¢¢¢¢ vepov́ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $v=1,79$ centipoise |
| $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $v=1,01$ |
| $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $v=0,66$ |

То $\varepsilon \delta \alpha \varphi ı к о ́ ~ v \varepsilon \rho o ́, ~ о ́ \pi \omega \varsigma ~ \kappa \alpha ı ~ \kappa \alpha ́ \theta \varepsilon ~ \alpha ́ \lambda \lambda о ~ \sigma ஸ ́ \mu \alpha ~ \sigma \tau \eta ~ \gamma \eta, ~ દ ́ \chi \varepsilon ı ~ \tau \eta ~ \delta ı к \eta ́ ~ \tau о v ~ \varepsilon v \varepsilon ́ \rho \gamma \varepsilon ı \alpha . ~ H ~ \varepsilon v \varepsilon ́ p \gamma \varepsilon ı \alpha ~$


$$
\begin{equation*}
E_{v}=\frac{m V^{2}}{2} \tag{1.13}
\end{equation*}
$$


 $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \pi \alpha ́ v \omega \sigma \chi \varepsilon ́ \sigma \eta ~ \mu \varepsilon ~ \tau о ~ \beta \alpha ́ p o s ~ \tau о v ~ v \varepsilon \rho о ט ́ ~(m g), ~ о л о ́ \tau \varepsilon ~$

$$
\begin{equation*}
E v=\frac{V^{2}}{2 g} \tag{1.14}
\end{equation*}
$$









 ßрíбкєт $\alpha 1, \varepsilon к \varphi \rho \alpha ́ \zeta \varepsilon \tau \alpha l ~ \delta \varepsilon \alpha \pi o ́ \tau \eta ~ \sigma \chi \varepsilon ́ \sigma \eta$
$E g=m g z$



$$
\begin{equation*}
E g=z \tag{1.16}
\end{equation*}
$$

غ́ $\chi \varepsilon ı ~ \delta ı \alpha \sigma \tau \alpha ́ \sigma \varepsilon ı \varsigma ~ \mu \eta ́ \kappa о и \varsigma ~ \kappa \alpha ı ~ \lambda غ ́ \gamma \varepsilon \tau \alpha ı ~ ט ́ \psi о \varsigma ~ \theta ́ ̇ \sigma \varepsilon \omega \varsigma . ~$


$\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{p}}=\frac{p}{m g}=\frac{p}{\gamma}$
 $\mu \varepsilon \tau \alpha \pi \alpha \rho \alpha \pi \alpha ́ v \omega$, $\varepsilon$ ív $\alpha ı$
$H=E g+E p=z+\frac{p}{\gamma}$
$\kappa \alpha l ~ \lambda \varepsilon ́ \gamma \varepsilon \tau \alpha l ~ \cup \delta \rho \alpha \cup \lambda ı \kappa o ́ ~ ט ́ \psi о \varsigma$.

 $\sigma \chi \varepsilon ́ \sigma \eta$

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{\mathrm{v}^{2}}{2 \mathrm{~g}}+\mathrm{z}+\frac{\mathrm{p}}{\gamma}=\sigma \tau \alpha \theta \varepsilon \rho \dot{o}^{\prime} \tag{1.18}
\end{equation*}
$$




 Bernoulli o兀ıç סúo $\theta$ ச́б\&ı̧ סíveı
$\frac{\mathrm{v}_{1}{ }^{2}}{2 \mathrm{~g}}+\mathrm{z}_{1}+\frac{\mathrm{p}_{1}}{\gamma}=\frac{\mathrm{v}_{2}{ }^{2}}{2 \mathrm{~g}}+\mathrm{z}_{2}+\frac{\mathrm{p}_{2}}{\gamma}+\Delta \mathrm{H}$




 $\eta$ $\sigma \chi \varepsilon ́ \sigma \eta$ (1.20) $\alpha \pi \lambda$ олоเєít $\alpha \iota ~ \sigma \tau \eta \nu$
$\left(Z \iota+\frac{p_{1}}{\gamma}\right)-\left(z 2+\frac{p_{2}}{\gamma}\right)=H 1-H 2=\Delta H$
 бпиєía 1 каı 2. O $\lambda$ óyоs
$i=\frac{H_{1}-H_{2}}{\Delta L}$
ๆ́ $\gamma \varepsilon \nu 1 \kappa о ́ \tau \varepsilon \rho \alpha$
$i=-\lim _{\Delta L \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta H}{L}=-\frac{d H}{d L}$


## 2. KINH








 т $\rho \chi 0 \varepsilon 1 \delta \omega v$ $\sigma \omega \lambda \eta ́ v \omega v$.

To 1856 о Darcy, $\mu \varepsilon \tau \alpha ́ \alpha \pi o ́ ~ \alpha v \alpha ́ \lambda \nu \sigma \varpi \eta ~ \tau \omega v ~ \alpha \pi о \tau \varepsilon \lambda \varepsilon \sigma \mu \alpha ́ \tau \omega v ~ \pi \varepsilon є \rho \alpha \mu \alpha ́ \tau \omega v ~ \sigma \varepsilon ~ \pi о р ஸ ́ \delta \eta ~ \mu \varepsilon ́ \sigma \alpha, ~$

 $\alpha v \alpha ́ \lambda o \gamma \eta ~ \pi \rho о \varsigma ~ \tau \eta \nu ~ v \delta \rho \alpha v \lambda 1 \kappa \eta ́ ~ \kappa \lambda i ́ \sigma \eta ~ \kappa \alpha l ~ \varepsilon v o ́ s ~ \pi \alpha \rho \alpha ́ \gamma о \nu \tau \alpha, ~ \gamma v \omega \sigma \tau о v ́ ~ \sigma \alpha \nu ~ \sigma u v \tau \varepsilon \lambda \varepsilon \sigma \tau \eta ́ \varsigma ~$
 $\varepsilon \kappa \varphi \rho \alpha ́ \zeta \varepsilon \iota ~ \tau о ~ v o ́ \mu o ~ \alpha v \tau o ́ ~ \varepsilon i ́ v \alpha ı ~$
$Q=-K \frac{d H}{d L} A$

 ( $\mathrm{L}^{1} \mathrm{~T}-1^{-1}$ ).











 vүрои́ каı $\mu$ ह́боv каı

 Darcy



1) H $\varepsilon v \varepsilon ́ \rho \gamma \varepsilon ા \alpha ~ \alpha v \alpha ́ ~ \mu о v \alpha ́ \delta \alpha ~ \chi \rho o ́ v o v ~ \pi о v ~ о \varphi \varepsilon i ́ \lambda \varepsilon \tau \alpha ı ~ \sigma \tau ı \varsigma ~ \pi เ \varepsilon ́ \sigma \varepsilon ı \varsigma ~ \varepsilon i ́ v \alpha ı ~$
$E p=-Q d p=-A \cdot V \cdot d p$
 орі́бтๆкаv $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \pi \alpha ́ v \omega$.

$E g=-\rho g \sin \alpha d L=-\rho g \cdot A \cdot V \cdot d z$

 $\delta 1 \alpha \varphi о \rho \alpha ́$ v́ $\psi о \cup \varsigma ~ \mu \varepsilon \tau \alpha \xi ̌ v ́ \tau \omega v \alpha ́ \kappa \rho \omega v \tau \eta \varsigma ~ \sigma \tau \eta ŋ \lambda \eta \varsigma$.


$E L=\frac{v^{V^{2}}}{C d^{2}}$


$E=E_{L} \cdot A \cdot d L=\frac{v^{v^{2}}}{C d^{2}} A \cdot d L$

$\mathrm{Ep}+\mathrm{Eg}=\mathrm{E} \rightarrow$
$-A \cdot V \cdot d p-\rho g A \cdot V \cdot d z=\frac{v^{v^{2}}}{C d^{2}} A \cdot d L$

$\mathrm{V}=-\frac{\mathrm{Cd}^{2}}{\mathrm{v}} \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{dL}}\left(\frac{\mathrm{p}}{\gamma}+\mathrm{z}\right) \rho \mathrm{g}=-\frac{\mathrm{Cd}^{2} \rho \mathrm{~g}}{\mathrm{v}} \frac{\mathrm{dH}}{\mathrm{dL}}$

H $\pi$ обó $\tau \eta \tau \alpha$
$\mathrm{k}=\mathrm{Cd} 2$
 Avtık $\tau \alpha \dot{\alpha} \sigma \tau \alpha \sigma \eta ~ \tau \eta \varsigma ~ \sigma \chi \varepsilon ́ \sigma \varepsilon \omega \varsigma ~(2.8) ~ \sigma \tau \eta ~(2.7) ~ \delta i ́ v \varepsilon ı ~$
$\mathrm{V}=-\frac{\mathrm{k} \rho \mathrm{g}}{\mathrm{v}} \frac{\mathrm{dH}}{\mathrm{dL}}$
о́тои
$K=\frac{\mathrm{k} \rho \mathrm{g}}{\mathrm{v}}$
દívaı o $\sigma \cup v \tau \varepsilon \lambda \varepsilon \sigma \tau \eta ์ \varsigma ~ v \delta \rho о \pi \varepsilon \rho \alpha \tau o ́ \tau \eta \tau \alpha \varsigma ~ \eta ́ ~ D a r c y . ~ A v, ~ \sigma \tau \eta ~ \sigma u v \varepsilon ́ \chi \varepsilon 1 \alpha ~ \kappa \alpha ́ v o v \mu \varepsilon ~ \chi \rho \eta ́ \sigma \eta ~ \tau \eta \varsigma ~$ $\varepsilon \xi ૅ எ \omega ́ \sigma \varepsilon \omega \varsigma ~ \sigma u v \varepsilon \chi \varepsilon i ́ \alpha \varsigma$
$\mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{v} \cdot \mathrm{A}$
$\varphi \tau \alpha ́ v o u \mu \varepsilon \sigma \tau \eta \nu \tau \varepsilon \lambda ı \kappa \eta \dot{\sigma} \sigma \varepsilon ́ \sigma \eta$
$Q=-K \frac{d H}{d L} A$
 $\tau \eta \nu \pi \alpha \rho \alpha ́ \mu \varepsilon \tau \rho \circ \alpha \cup \tau \eta ์ \delta \varepsilon v$ ह́ $\chi \varepsilon 1 \tau \varepsilon \theta \varepsilon i ́$.

 $\varepsilon \kappa \tau o ́ s ~ \alpha \pi o ́ ~ \tau \eta \nu ~ \pi \varepsilon \rho i ́ \pi \tau \omega \sigma \eta ~ \pi о v ~ \tau о ~ \varepsilon \pi i ́ \pi \varepsilon \delta o ~ \alpha v \tau o ́ ~ \sigma v v \varepsilon \pi \alpha ́ \gamma \varepsilon \tau \alpha l ~ \delta เ o ́ \gamma к \omega \sigma \eta ~ \eta ́ ~ \sigma и \rho \rho i ́ к v \omega \sigma \eta ~ \tau о и ~$







Kávovта¢ $\chi \rho \eta \dot{\sigma} \eta \tau \eta \varsigma ~ \sigma \chi \varepsilon ́ \sigma \varepsilon \omega \varsigma ~(1.23), ~ \eta ~ \sigma \chi \varepsilon ́ \sigma \eta ~(2.12) ~ \mu \pi о \rho \varepsilon i ́ ~ v \alpha ~ \gamma \rho \alpha \varphi \varepsilon i ́ ~ \mu \varepsilon ~ \tau \eta ~ \mu о \rho \varphi \eta ́$

$$
\begin{equation*}
Q / A=V=-K i \tag{2.13}
\end{equation*}
$$

 роŋ́ ( $\pi \alpha \rho о \chi \eta ́) ~ \tau о v ~ v \varepsilon \rho о v ́ ~ \alpha v \alpha ́ ~ \mu о v \alpha ́ \delta \alpha ~ \delta ı \alpha \tau о \mu \eta ́ s ~ \tau о v ~ \pi о р \omega ́ \delta o v s ~ \mu \varepsilon ́ \sigma o v, ~$



$V a=\frac{Q}{A \cdot n}=\frac{V}{n}$

 $\mu \varepsilon$ тov $\alpha \rho ı \theta \mu o ́ ~ \tau o v ~ R e y n o l d s ~ \pi o v ~ \gamma ı \alpha ~ \tau \eta ~ \sigma ט \gamma к \varepsilon к р ц \mu \varepsilon ́ v \eta ~ \pi \varepsilon \rho i ́ \pi \tau \omega \sigma \eta ~ \varepsilon к \varphi \rho \alpha ́ \zeta \varepsilon \tau \alpha ı ~ \alpha \pi o ́ ~ \tau \eta ~ \sigma \chi \varepsilon ́ \sigma \eta ~$

$$
\begin{equation*}
N=d V a \frac{\rho}{v} \tag{2.15}
\end{equation*}
$$





## 3. ME@OAOI BALIZOMENE $\Sigma$ ITH POH $\Sigma T A \Theta E P H \Sigma$ KATATALH (STEADY - STATE FLOW)

### 3.1. H ANA 1 Y$\Sigma H$ TOY WOODING

Н $\pi \rho о \sigma \varepsilon \gamma \gamma 1 \sigma \tau 1 \kappa \eta ́ \lambda v ́ \sigma \eta ~ \sigma \tau \alpha \theta \varepsilon \rho \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \kappa \alpha \tau \alpha ́ \sigma \tau \alpha \sigma \eta \varsigma ~ \tau 0 v$ Wooding (1968) $\alpha \pi о \tau \varepsilon \lambda \varepsilon$ 白 $\tau \eta \beta \alpha ́ \sigma \eta \gamma 1 \alpha \tau \eta v$



 тov Gardner (1958) $\tau \eta \varsigma ~ v \delta \rho \alpha v \lambda ı ฑ ŋ \varsigma ~ \alpha \gamma \omega \gamma \mu о ́ \tau \eta \tau \alpha \varsigma ~ \sigma \tau о ~ \alpha \kappa о ́ \rho \varepsilon \sigma \tau о ~ \varepsilon ́ \delta \alpha \varphi о \varsigma . ~(E \xi ́ ́ \sigma \omega \sigma \eta ~ 3.1): ~$
$K(h)=K s \exp (\alpha 8 h)$
Oı $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha ́ \mu \varepsilon \tau \rho о \imath \mathrm{~K}_{\mathrm{s}} \kappa \alpha \imath \alpha^{*} \mu \pi о \rho о v ́ v v \alpha \varepsilon \kappa \tau \iota \mu \eta$ оо́v $\mu \varepsilon \beta \alpha ́ \sigma \eta \tau \eta \nu \varepsilon \xi i ́ \sigma \omega \sigma \eta \tau$ оv Wooding(1968), $\gamma 1 \alpha$

$Q(h 0)=\pi r 02 K(h 0)+4 r 0 \varphi(h 0)$

о́ $\pi$ ov.

Q: о $\rho \cup \theta \mu$ о́ऽ $\delta \imath \eta \theta \eta \sigma \eta \varsigma ~ \sigma \varepsilon ~ \sigma u v \theta \eta ́ \kappa \varepsilon \varsigma ~ \sigma \tau \alpha \theta \varepsilon \rho \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \kappa \alpha \tau \alpha ́ \sigma \tau \alpha \sigma \eta \varsigma, ~\left[L^{3} \mathrm{~T}^{-1}\right]$
$r_{0}: \quad \eta$ актív $\alpha$ тov סíбкоט [L]


$\varphi\left(h_{0}\right):$ то $\mu \eta \tau \rho$ ィко́ $\delta v \vee \alpha \mu$ ко́, [L]



$\varphi(h 0, h i)=\int_{h_{i}}^{h_{0}} K(h) d h$
'O $\pi 0$,









 $\pi \alpha \rho \alpha \lambda \lambda \alpha \kappa \tau \kappa \kappa ́ \tau \eta \tau \alpha$ тоv $\varepsilon \delta \alpha ́ \varphi \rho 0 \varsigma$ (Simimek et al. 1999a).

### 3.2. H ME@OДO玉 TQN WHITE AND SULLY (1987)

$\Sigma v ́ \mu \varphi \omega v \alpha \mu \varepsilon \tau \eta \mu \varepsilon ́ \theta o \delta o ~ \tau \omega \nu$ White and Sully (1987) то $\mu \eta \tau \rho \imath \kappa o ́ ~ \delta v \nu \alpha \mu \iota \kappa o ́ ~ \tau о v ~ \varepsilon \delta \alpha \varphi \iota к о v ́ ~ v \varepsilon \rho о v ́ ~$ $\varepsilon \kappa \varphi \rho \alpha ́ \zeta \varepsilon \tau \alpha \iota \omega \varsigma \varepsilon \xi \eta ŋ \varsigma(E \xi i ́ \sigma \omega \sigma \eta$ 3.4):
$\varphi(h)=\frac{b S^{2}}{\Delta \theta}$

о́лоv.




$S=\frac{2 q t^{0.5}}{\pi R^{2}}$
'О $\pi о$,
$q: \rho v \theta \mu$ ós $\delta \eta \eta \theta \eta \sigma \eta \varsigma$ оє $\mu 1 \kappa \rho$ о́ $\chi \rho о ́ v o,\left[\mathrm{~L}^{3} \mathrm{~T}^{-1}\right]$
$t:$ o $\chi \rho$ óvos, [T]
$\Delta \varepsilon \chi o ́ \mu \varepsilon v o$, ó оı $\eta \pi \alpha \rho \alpha ́ \mu \varepsilon \tau \rho о \varsigma$ b $\lambda \alpha \mu \beta \alpha ́ v \varepsilon ı ~ \tau \eta \nu \tau \not \mu \eta ́ ~ 0.55$ (Smettem and Clothier. 1989),

$q_{x}=\pi R^{2} K+\frac{2.2 R S^{2}}{\Delta \theta}$








 1987,1989), єі́тє оı $\mu \varepsilon \tau \rho \eta ́ \sigma \varepsilon ı \varsigma ~ \pi \rho \varepsilon ́ \pi \varepsilon ı ~ v \alpha ~ \lambda \eta \varphi \theta$ ои́v $\sigma \varepsilon \delta 1 \alpha \varphi о \rho \varepsilon \tau \iota \kappa \varepsilon ́ \varsigma ~ \theta \varepsilon ́ \sigma \varepsilon ı \varsigma, ~ \mu \varepsilon ~ \alpha \pi о \tau \varepsilon ́ \lambda \varepsilon \sigma \mu \alpha ~ \tau \eta \nu$
 $\kappa \alpha \imath \sigma \tau \eta \nu \pi \alpha \rho \alpha \mu \varepsilon ́ v o v \sigma \alpha$ vү $\rho \alpha \sigma i ́ \alpha ~ \sigma \tau о$ ह́ $\delta \alpha \varphi \circ \varsigma$.

## 4. EПIMEPOYГ TMHMATA TOY OPГANOY




1) $\Delta \varepsilon \xi \alpha \mu \varepsilon \vee \eta \dot{\eta} v \varepsilon \rho \circ v ́ \kappa \alpha \iota \sigma \omega \lambda \eta \dot{v} \alpha \varsigma$

2) Tрилávı $\delta 1 \alpha \sigma \tau \alpha \sigma ı \lambda o ́ \gamma \eta \sigma \eta \varsigma$
3) Tрилávı $\varepsilon \delta \dot{\alpha ́ \varphi \rho o v s ~}$
4) $\Delta \alpha к \tau \cup ́ \lambda ı \varsigma \varsigma ~ \tau \rho i ́ t o \delta o v ~ \beta \alpha ́ \sigma \eta \varsigma ~ \tau \rho i ́ \pi о \delta o v ~$
5) Bov́ $\tau \tau \alpha$ Well Prep
6) $\Sigma v v \alpha \rho \mu о \gamma \eta ́ ~ \delta \varepsilon \xi \propto \mu \varepsilon v \eta ́ s$
7) К $\lambda^{\prime} \mu \alpha \kappa \alpha \kappa \varepsilon \varphi \alpha \lambda \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \varphi \rho \varepsilon \alpha \tau i ́ o v ~ \& ~ \alpha ́ v \omega ~ \alpha \varepsilon \rho о \sigma \omega \lambda \eta ́ v \alpha \varsigma ~$

10). $\Sigma \omega \lambda \eta ́ v \alpha \varsigma ~ v \pi о \sigma \tau \eta ́ \rho ı \xi ̆ \eta \varsigma ~ \& ~ \chi \alpha \mu \eta \lambda о ́ \tau \varepsilon \rho о \varsigma ~ \alpha \varepsilon \rho о \sigma \omega \lambda \eta ́ v \alpha \varsigma ~$

12). По́ঠı $\alpha$ трíтобоv
13). Өұ́кๆ $\mu \varepsilon \tau \alpha \varphi о \rho \alpha ́ \varsigma$

## 4.1 ПРОЕТОІМАГIA ГIA XPHГH






## 











## Провтоццабía $\varphi \rho \varepsilon \alpha \tau$ тíov


$\Sigma \chi \eta \dot{\mu} \alpha 4.2 \Delta 1 \alpha \delta \kappa \alpha \sigma \dot{\prime} \alpha \dot{\varepsilon} \vee \omega \sigma \eta \varsigma \tau \omega \nu \varepsilon \xi \alpha \rho \tau \eta \mu \alpha ́ \tau \omega \nu$

 $\alpha v \alpha \sigma \kappa \alpha \varphi \mathfrak{\eta} \quad \kappa \alpha \imath \quad \tau \eta \nu \quad \pi \rho о \varepsilon \tau о \not \mu \alpha \sigma i ́ \alpha$
 $\sigma \nu \mu \pi \varepsilon \rho \imath \lambda \alpha \mu \beta \alpha ́ v o v \tau \alpha \iota ~ \sigma \tau \eta v \varepsilon \xi \dot{\alpha} \rho \tau \eta \sigma \eta$ тоv $\mu \varepsilon \tau \rho \eta \tau \eta$ бi $\quad \delta \pi \varepsilon \rho \alpha \tau о ́ \tau \eta \tau \alpha \varsigma \quad$ Guelph.
 $\eta$ олоі́а оиvарнодоүві́таи о́люs $\pi \alpha \rho о v \sigma ı \alpha ́ \zeta \varepsilon \tau \alpha ı ~ \sigma \tau \eta \nu$ عıкóvа 4.2 каı т тía $\varepsilon v \alpha \lambda \lambda \alpha ́ \xi \not \mu \alpha$ 乃оךөŋтіка́ $\varepsilon р \gamma \alpha \lambda \varepsilon i ́ \alpha ~ \pi о \nu$ бuvঠと́ovtal $\sigma \tau \eta \nu \quad \lambda \alpha \beta \dot{\eta} \quad \delta 1 \alpha \mu \varepsilon ́ \sigma o v$
 $\sigma v v \delta v \alpha \sigma \mu \circ v ́$ Edelman $\eta$ то $\tau \rho v \pi \alpha ́ v ı ~ \delta ı \alpha \sigma \tau \alpha \sigma ı \lambda o ́ \gamma \eta \sigma \eta \varsigma . ~$
 $\tau \eta \nu$ ع1ко́va 4.2 єло́v( ).


 $\varepsilon v \omega ́ ~ \alpha v \tau \alpha ́ ~(\alpha \pi 0) \sigma v v \delta \varepsilon ́ \sigma \nu \tau \alpha ı$.
 $\alpha \varphi \alpha ı \varepsilon ́ \sigma \varepsilon \imath \tau \imath \varsigma \mu \alpha ́ \zeta \varepsilon \varsigma ~ \tau о \cup \chi \omega ́ \mu \alpha \tau \circ \varsigma . K \alpha ́ v \tau \varepsilon ~ \delta ı \alpha ́ v o \imath \xi \eta ~ \tau \eta \varsigma ~ \tau \rho v ́ \pi \alpha \varsigma ~ \tau о v ~ \varphi \rho \varepsilon \alpha \tau i ́ o v ~ \pi \varepsilon \rho ı \sigma \tau \rho \varepsilon ́ \varphi о \nu \tau \alpha \varsigma ~ \tau \eta \nu$
 $\kappa \alpha ́ \tau \omega ~ \pi i ́ \varepsilon \sigma \eta ~ \sigma \tau \eta ~ \lambda \alpha \beta \eta ́ ~ o ́ \pi \omega \varsigma ~ \pi \alpha \rho о v \sigma ı \alpha ́ \zeta \varepsilon \tau \alpha 1 . ~ ' О \tau \alpha v ~ \tau о ~ \sigma \omega ́ \mu \alpha ~ \tau о v ~ \tau \rho v \pi \alpha v ı v ́ ~ \varepsilon i ́ v \alpha ı ~ \gamma \varepsilon \mu \alpha ́ \tau о, ~$ $\alpha \nu v \psi \omega ́ \sigma \tau \varepsilon ~ \tau о ~ \tau \rho v \pi \alpha ́ v \imath ~ \alpha \pi о ́ ~ \tau \eta \nu ~ \tau \rho v ́ \pi \alpha ~ \kappa \alpha ı ~ \alpha \varphi \alpha ı \varepsilon ́ \sigma \tau \varepsilon ~ \tau о ~ \sigma v \lambda \lambda \varepsilon \chi \theta \varepsilon ́ v ~ \delta \varepsilon i ́ \gamma \mu \alpha ~ \alpha \pi о ́ ~ \tau о ~ \sigma ळ ́ \mu \alpha ~ \tau о v ~$
 $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \kappa о ́ \rho \cup \varphi \alpha \gamma 1 \alpha$ v $\alpha \pi о \varphi \varepsilon v \chi \theta \varepsilon i ́ ~ \eta ~ v \pi \varepsilon \rho \beta о \lambda ı \kappa \eta$ $\delta \iota \varepsilon v ́ \rho v v \sigma \eta ~ \tau \eta \varsigma ~ \tau \rho v ́ \pi \alpha \varsigma ~ \tau о v ~ \varphi \rho \varepsilon \alpha \tau i ́ o v . ~$

## 












 $\chi \omega ́ \mu \alpha \tau \alpha \kappa \alpha 1 \mu \varepsilon$ оноьо́ $о р \varphi \eta ~ \gamma \varepsilon \omega \mu \varepsilon \tau \rho i ́ \alpha . ~$


 ppeatíov.


















 va хр $\quad$ бцотоŋ $\theta$ ov́v (Reynolds et al, 2002).


Пробарио́бтє тๆ้ ßоט́ртба Well Prep Brush (єıкóva 4.4) бтоv ágova 兀ov трилаvıov́









 $\nu \varphi \eta ́ s ~ \chi \omega ́ \mu \alpha \tau \alpha$.
 ката́бтабๆ.



## Пєрí $\beta \lambda \eta \mu \alpha \varphi \rho \varepsilon \alpha \tau$ íov






## К $\alpha 兀 \alpha \sigma \tau \alpha \sigma \eta$ тоv v́ $\delta \alpha \tau 0 \varsigma \tau 0 v \varepsilon \delta \alpha ́ \varphi 0 v \varsigma$





 $\nu \varepsilon \rho о ́ ~ \mu \varepsilon ́ \chi \rho \imath ~ \varepsilon \pi \alpha ́ v \omega ~ к \alpha ı ~ \alpha ́ \varphi \eta \sigma \varepsilon ~ \tau о ~ v \varepsilon \rho o ́ ~ v \alpha ~ \delta \eta \eta \eta \eta \theta \varepsilon i ́ ~ \varepsilon v \tau \varepsilon \lambda \omega ́ \varsigma ~ \mu \varepsilon ́ \sigma \omega ~ \tau \eta \varsigma ~ \varepsilon \delta \alpha \varphi о \tau о \mu \eta ́ \varsigma . ~ A v \alpha ́ \lambda о \gamma \alpha ~ \mu \varepsilon ~$




 Guelph ( $\tau \alpha \varepsilon \rho \gamma \alpha \lambda \varepsilon i ́ \alpha ~ \pi о v ~ \alpha \pi \alpha ı \tau о v ́ v \tau \alpha ı ~ \gamma \imath \alpha ~ \tau \eta \nu ~ \varepsilon \kappa \kappa \varepsilon ́ v \omega \sigma \eta ~ \tau о v ~ v \varepsilon \rho о v ́ ~ \alpha \pi o ́ ~ \tau о ~ \varphi \rho \varepsilon \alpha ́ \tau ı о ~ \delta \varepsilon v ~$



#### Abstract

    


## 4.2 ХРНГН TOY OPГANOY

## $\Sigma v v \alpha \rho \mu о \gamma \eta ́ \tau 0 v \mu \varepsilon \tau \rho \eta \tau \eta ́ \delta \iota \alpha \pi \varepsilon \rho \alpha \tau$ óтŋ $\tau \alpha \varsigma$


 $\mu \varepsilon \tau \alpha \varphi о \rho \alpha ́ \varsigma ~ \tau о \cup \varsigma ~ \kappa \alpha ı ~ \gamma ı \alpha ~ v \alpha ~ \mu \varepsilon \tau \alpha \varphi \varepsilon ́ \rho о v \tau \alpha l ~ \alpha ́ v \varepsilon \tau \alpha ~ \sigma \tau ı \varsigma ~ \pi \varepsilon \rho ı \chi \chi ́ \varsigma ~ \tau \omega v ~ \mu \varepsilon \tau \rho \eta ́ \sigma \varepsilon \omega v . ~ \mu \varepsilon \tau \rho \eta \tau \eta ́ \varsigma ~$





 $\alpha v \alpha ́ \gamma \kappa \eta \geqslant \alpha$ єлєєк兀 $\alpha$ ои́v $\tau \alpha$ лó $\delta \alpha$.



 тоv $\chi \alpha \mu \eta \lambda о ́ \tau \varepsilon \rho о ~ \alpha \varepsilon р о \sigma \omega \lambda \eta ́ v \alpha ~ \mu \varepsilon ́ \sigma \alpha ~ \sigma \tau \eta ~ \sigma u ́ \zeta ̧ \varepsilon v \xi ̆ \eta ~ \mu \varepsilon ́ \chi \rho ı ~ \eta ~ к о р и \varphi о \gamma \rho \alpha \mu \mu \eta ́ ~ \sigma \tau о ~ \varepsilon \sigma \omega \tau \varepsilon \rho ו к о ́ ~ \tau \eta ร ~$









 $\varepsilon \nu \tau \varepsilon \lambda \omega ́ \varsigma ~ \sigma \tau \eta ~ \beta \alpha ́ \sigma \eta ~ \tau \eta \varsigma ~ \delta \varepsilon \xi \prec \alpha \mu \varepsilon v \eta ́ \varsigma$.

 vлобтท́คเร้ทร.




Eıкóva 4.9. A $\rho \imath \sigma \tau \rho \rho \dot{\alpha}: ~ \chi \alpha \mu \eta ं \lambda \omega \mu \alpha$ 兀ov GP $\mu \varepsilon ́ \sigma \alpha$ бто трі́тобо каı то $\varphi \rho \varepsilon \alpha ́ \tau \iota$.
 бактט́入ıo тоv трíтобоv $\mu \varepsilon ́ \sigma \alpha ~ \sigma \tau \eta ~ \beta \alpha ́ \sigma \eta ~ \tau о v ~$ трі́тобои







 vло́чף.
 о́ $\pi \omega \varsigma ~ \pi \alpha \rho о \cup \sigma เ \alpha ́ \zeta ̧ \tau \alpha ı ~(E ı к o ́ v \alpha ~ 4.10) . ~$


 $\alpha \varepsilon \rho о \sigma \omega \lambda \eta \dot{v \alpha}$ бтоv $\mu \varepsilon ́ \sigma o ~ \alpha \varepsilon \rho о \sigma \omega \lambda \eta ́ v \alpha ~(E ı к o ́ v \alpha ~ 4.11 ~ \alpha \rho ı \sigma \tau \varepsilon \rho \alpha ́) . ~ O ~ \alpha ́ v \omega ~ \alpha \varepsilon \rho о \sigma \omega \lambda \eta ́ v \alpha \varsigma ~ \sigma u v \delta \varepsilon ́ \varepsilon \tau \alpha ı ~ \mu \varepsilon ~$


 $\left.\delta \varepsilon \xi \not \dot{\alpha}^{\alpha}\right)$.













 $\kappa \varepsilon \varphi \alpha \lambda \eta ́ s ~ \tau о v ~ \varphi \rho \varepsilon \alpha \tau i ́ o v ~(~ \beta \lambda . ~ E ı к о ́ v \alpha ~ 4.13 ~ \delta \varepsilon \xi \xi ı \alpha ́) . ~$



## Пגท́р $\omega \sigma \eta$ vє $\rho о$ v́


 $\pi \tau v \sigma \sigma o ́ \mu \varepsilon v o$ боұєío v\&роv́




 $\tau \eta \varsigma \delta \varepsilon \xi \alpha \mu \varepsilon v \eta ́ \varsigma . ~ Г \imath \alpha ~ \varepsilon v к о \lambda i ́ \alpha, ~ \eta ~ \sigma v v \alpha \rho \mu о \gamma \eta ́ ~ \sigma \omega \lambda \eta ́ v \omega \nu \mu \pi о \rho \varepsilon i ́ ~ v \alpha ~ \sigma v v \delta \varepsilon \theta \varepsilon i ́ ~ \mu \varepsilon ~ \tau о ~ \pi \lambda \alpha \sigma \tau ו \kappa о ́ ~ \delta о \chi \varepsilon i ́ o ~$









 $\gamma 1 \alpha v \alpha \varepsilon \xi \alpha \sigma \varphi \alpha \lambda 1 \sigma \tau \varepsilon$ ó ótı $\delta \varepsilon v \theta \alpha$ vл $\alpha \rho \xi \varepsilon 1$ к $\alpha \mu i ́ \alpha ~ \delta ı \alpha \rho \rho о \eta ́ . ~$

## ТолоӨச́тпбŋ тоv $\mu \varepsilon \tau \rho \eta \tau \eta ์ \delta ı \pi \varepsilon \rho \alpha \tau о ́ \tau \eta \tau \alpha \varsigma$









Eıкóva 4.15. Гє́ $\mu \iota \sigma \mu \alpha \tau \eta \varsigma \delta \varepsilon \xi \alpha \mu \varepsilon v \eta ́ \varsigma \mu \varepsilon$ vєро́













 $\mu \varepsilon ́ \tau \rho \eta \sigma \eta \varsigma . ~ K \alpha \tau \alpha ́ ~ \pi \varepsilon \rho ı o ́ \delta o v ̧ ̧ ~ \mu \pi о \rho \varepsilon i ́ ~ v \alpha ~ \varepsilon i ́ v \alpha ı ~ \alpha \pi \alpha \rho \alpha i ́ \tau \eta \tau о ~ v \alpha ~ \delta \varepsilon \theta \varepsilon i ́ ~ \mu \varepsilon ~ \tau \alpha ı v i ́ \alpha ~ o ~ \sigma \omega \lambda \eta ́ v \alpha \varsigma ~ \varepsilon \xi ́ o ́ \delta o v ~ \tau о v ~$

 $\nu \alpha \mu \eta \nu \pi \varepsilon ́ \sigma o v v \chi \dot{\omega} \mu \alpha \tau \alpha \mu \varepsilon ́ \sigma \alpha$ бто $\varphi \rho \varepsilon \alpha ́ \tau 10$.









## $\Delta ı \varepsilon v \varepsilon ́ \rho \gamma \varepsilon เ \alpha \mu \varepsilon ́ \tau \rho \eta \sigma \eta \varsigma$

 $\sigma \tau \eta \vee \beta \alpha \lambda \beta i ́ \delta \alpha \tau \omega v \delta \varepsilon \xi \alpha \mu \varepsilon v ต ́ v \delta \varepsilon \dot{\chi} \chi \varepsilon \varepsilon ı \pi \rho \circ \varsigma \tau \alpha \varepsilon \pi \alpha ́ v \omega$.



 Eıкóva 4.16).
 4.16).

 $\mu \varepsilon ́ \tau \rho \eta \sigma \eta$










 $\alpha v \alpha \lambda v ́ \sigma \varepsilon ı \varsigma ~ \mu ı \alpha \varsigma ~ \kappa \varepsilon \varphi \alpha \lambda \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \kappa \alpha ı ~ \tau \alpha ~ \alpha \pi о \tau \varepsilon \lambda \varepsilon ́ \sigma \mu \alpha \tau \alpha ~ \mu \pi о р о и ́ v ~ v \alpha ~ v \pi о \lambda о \gamma เ \sigma \tau о v ́ v ~ к \alpha \tau \alpha ́ ~ \mu \varepsilon ́ \sigma o ~ o ́ p o . ~$








 єठачодоүıкŋ́ $\delta 1 \alpha \pi \varepsilon \rho \alpha \tau$ о́тๆтац.


 'Eva $\pi \lambda \varepsilon о v \varepsilon ́ \kappa \tau \eta \mu \alpha ~ \tau \eta \varsigma ~ \delta ı \alpha \delta ı \kappa \alpha \sigma i ́ \alpha \varsigma ~ \mu \varepsilon \theta o ́ \delta o v ~ \mu о v o v ́ ~ Ф о р \tau i ́ o v ~ П i ́ \varepsilon \sigma \eta \varsigma ~, ~ \varepsilon v \tau о и ́ \tau o ı \varsigma, ~ \varepsilon i ́ v \alpha ı ~ o ́ \tau ı ~ \theta \alpha ~$






 vлодоүıбтои́v като́ $\mu \varepsilon ́ \sigma o ~ o ́ \rho o . ~$













 $\varepsilon \pi \lambda \lambda \varepsilon \chi \tau \varepsilon i ́ \eta ~ \kappa \alpha \tau \dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \eta \lambda \eta \delta \varepsilon \xi \alpha \mu \varepsilon v \eta, \mu \eta \nu$ а $\lambda \lambda \dot{\alpha} \xi \tau \varepsilon \tau \eta \beta \alpha \lambda \beta i \delta \alpha \delta \varepsilon \xi \alpha \mu \varepsilon v \sigma \dot{\sigma}$.


Еıко́vа 4.18. Елıдоүท́ $\tau \eta \varsigma ~ \varepsilon \sigma \omega \tau \varepsilon \rho \iota к \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \delta \varepsilon \xi \alpha \mu \varepsilon v \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \eta ́ ~ \tau о v ~ \sigma v v \delta v \alpha \sigma \mu о v ́ ~$ $\tau \omega v \delta v ́ o ~ \delta \varepsilon \xi \alpha \mu \varepsilon v \omega ́ v$.

















 $\alpha \rho \gamma o ́ s ~ \pi o v ~ \varepsilon ́ v \alpha ~ \delta ı \alpha ́ \sigma \tau \eta \mu \alpha ~ \delta v ́ o ~ \lambda \varepsilon \pi \tau ஸ ́ v ~ \mu \pi о \rho \varepsilon i ́ ~ v \alpha ~ \mu \eta v ~ \varepsilon i ́ v \alpha ı ~ \alpha \rho \kappa \varepsilon \tau \alpha ́ ~ \mu \varepsilon \gamma \alpha ́ \lambda o ~ \gamma ı \alpha ~ v \alpha ~ \alpha v \imath \chi v v ́ \sigma \varepsilon ı ~ \mu ı \alpha ~$












КаӨорíбтє $\tau 0 v$ " $\rho v \theta \mu o ́ ~ \sigma \tau \alpha \theta \varepsilon \rho \eta ́ \varsigma ~ к \alpha \tau \alpha ́ \sigma \tau \alpha \sigma \eta \varsigma ~ \tau \eta \varsigma ~ \pi \tau \omega ́ \sigma \eta \varsigma " . ~ Г ı \alpha ~ \kappa \alpha ́ \theta \varepsilon ~ \mu \varepsilon ́ \tau \rho \eta \sigma \eta, ~ v \pi о \lambda о \gamma i ́ \sigma \tau \varepsilon ~$

 $\delta \varepsilon \xi \alpha \mu \varepsilon v ฑ$.







$$
R=(6.5 \mathrm{~cm}-5.9 \mathrm{~cm}) /(2 \mathrm{~min})=.005 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{sec}
$$







 Elrick and Reynolds, 2003).

 єкройя каı лрохюри́бєєє $\alpha \mu \varepsilon ́ \sigma \omega \varsigma ~ \sigma \tau о ~ \varepsilon \pi о ́ \mu \varepsilon к о ~ \beta \eta ́ \mu \alpha . ~$









 $\chi \rho \eta \sigma \mu$ олоєє́таı, $\alpha \nu v \psi \omega ́ v о v \tau \alpha \varsigma ~ \alpha \rho \gamma \alpha ́ ~ \tau о v ~ \alpha \varepsilon \rho о \sigma \omega \lambda \eta ́ v \alpha ~ \varepsilon ́ \omega \varsigma ~ o ́ \tau о v ~ \tau о ~ v ́ \psi о \varsigma ~ \tau о v ~ \varphi \rho \varepsilon \alpha \tau i ́ o v ~ H_{2} v \alpha$







 тov $\varphi \rho \varepsilon \alpha \tau$ íou
 $\kappa \lambda i ́ \mu \alpha \kappa \alpha \varsigma ~ \pi о \cup ~ v \pi \alpha ́ \rho \chi \varepsilon 1 ~ \varepsilon \pi \alpha ́ v \omega ~ \sigma \tau о \nu ~ \sigma \omega \lambda \eta ์ v \alpha ~ \tau \eta \varsigma ~ \varepsilon \sigma \omega \tau \varepsilon \rho ı \kappa \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \delta \varepsilon \xi \alpha \mu \varepsilon v \eta ́ \varsigma ~ о ́ \pi \omega \varsigma ~ \pi о v ~ \kappa \alpha ́ v \alpha \tau \varepsilon ~ к \alpha ı ~ \mu \varepsilon$ to $\mathrm{H}_{1}$.
 $\rho \cup \theta \mu o ́ \varsigma ~ \rho о \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \sigma \tau \alpha \theta \varepsilon \rho \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \kappa \alpha \tau \alpha ́ \sigma \tau \alpha \sigma \eta \varsigma ~ \sigma \tau о \mathrm{H}_{2} \kappa \alpha \lambda \varepsilon i ́ \tau \alpha ı \mathrm{R}_{2}$.




 va vлодоүıбтои́v ка兀о́ $\mu \varepsilon ́ \sigma o ~ o ́ \rho o . ~$





 Av каı, то $\mathrm{K}_{\text {fs }} \kappa \alpha 1$ то $\Phi_{\mathrm{m}} \mu \pi$ ороv́v $\xi \varepsilon \chi \omega \rho ı \sigma \tau \alpha ́ v \alpha \kappa v \mu \alpha v \theta$ ov́v $\sigma \varepsilon \pi 0 \lambda \lambda \varepsilon ́ \varsigma ~ \tau \alpha ́ \xi \varepsilon \varepsilon ı \varsigma ~ \mu \varepsilon \gamma \varepsilon ́ \theta o v \varsigma ~ \sigma \varepsilon \varepsilon ́ v \alpha$


## 4.3 ҮПОЛОГІГМОІ КАІ ЕФАРМОГЕУ

##  ঠıалєрато́тŋ $\tau \alpha \varsigma$ Guelph

Oı vлодоүıбноí тov $\mu \varepsilon \tau \rho \eta \tau \eta ́ ~ \delta ı \alpha \pi \varepsilon \rho \alpha \tau о ́ \tau \eta \tau \alpha \varsigma ~ G u e l p h ~ \mu \pi о \rho о и ́ v ~ v \alpha ~ \varepsilon к \tau \varepsilon \lambda \varepsilon \sigma \theta o v ́ v ~ \varepsilon v ́ к о \lambda \alpha ~$
 $\alpha \rho \chi \varepsilon i ́ o ~ \mu \pi о \rho \varepsilon i ́ ~ v \alpha ~ \mu \varepsilon \tau \alpha \varphi о \rho \tau \omega \theta \varepsilon i ́ ~ \alpha \pi о ́ ~ \tau о v ~ \iota \sigma \tau о \chi \omega ́ \rho о ~ \tau \eta \varsigma ~ S o i l m o i s t u r e . ~$

 " $\pi \rho о \sigma \tau \alpha \tau \varepsilon \cup \mu \varepsilon ́ v \varepsilon \varsigma " . ~ Е \pi о \mu \varepsilon ́ v \omega ̧ ~ \delta \varepsilon v ~ \varepsilon i ́ v \alpha ı ~ \delta v v \alpha \tau o ́ ~ v \alpha ~ \alpha \lambda \lambda \alpha \chi \tau \varepsilon i ́ ~ \tau о ~ \pi \varepsilon \rho є \chi \chi o ́ \mu \varepsilon v o ~ \tau \omega v ~ \kappa \varepsilon \lambda ı ஸ ́ v, ~ \mu o ́ v o ~ \tau \alpha ~$




 $\chi \omega \rho і ́ \varsigma ~ \pi \rho о \varepsilon є \delta о \pi о і ́ \eta \sigma \eta$.




 $\pi \varepsilon \rho ı \chi ŋ ́ ~ o v o \mu \alpha ́ \zeta \varepsilon \tau \alpha 兀 ~ " M \varepsilon ́ \theta o \delta o c ̧ ~ M o v o v ́ ~ \varphi o \rho \tau i ́ o v ~ \pi i ́ \varepsilon \sigma \eta ร ~(1) " . Е к \tau \varepsilon \lambda \varepsilon i ́ ~ v \pi о \lambda о \gamma ı \sigma \mu о и ́ \varsigma ~ \mu \varepsilon ~ \chi \rho \eta ́ \sigma \eta ~ \tau \eta \varsigma ~$

 $\pi \varepsilon \rho เ о \chi \eta ́ s:$

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2.16 |  |
|  | 5 |  |
|  | 3 |  |
|  ларака́тө арі $\theta \mu$ ои́ $):$ | 3 |  |
|  <br>  |  |  |
|  <br>  |  |  |
|  <br>  <br>  |  |  |
|  <br>  |  |  |
|  | 0.1500 |  |
| Res Type 2.16 |  |  |
| H 5 |  |  |
| 3 $3 \quad \boldsymbol{\alpha}^{*}=$ | 0.12 | $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ |
| H/a 1.667 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{a}^{*} 0.12 \quad \mathbf{C}=$ | 0.80315 |  |
| C0.01 0.809 Q $=$ | 0.0054 |  |
| C0.04 0.842 |  |  |
| C0.12 0.803 K $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{fs}}=$ | 9.82E-06 | $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{sec}$ |
| C0.36 0.803 | 5.89E-04 | $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{min}$ |
| C 0.803 | $9.82 \mathrm{E}-08$ | $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{sec}$ |
| R 0.150 | 2.32E-04 | inch/min |
| Q 0.005 | 3.87E-06 | inch/sec |
| pi 3.142 |  |  |
| $\Phi_{\mathrm{m}}=$ | 8.18E-05 | $\mathrm{cm}^{2} / \mathrm{min}$ |











 ह́v $\alpha \nu \alpha к \varepsilon ́ \rho \alpha ı ~ \alpha \rho ı \theta \mu o ́ ~ \alpha \pi o ́ ~ \tau о ~ " 1 " ~ \varepsilon ́ \omega ̧ ~ \tau о ~ " 4 " . ~ П \alpha \rho \alpha к \alpha \lambda о v ́ \mu \varepsilon ~ \sigma \eta \mu \varepsilon ı ́ ́ \sigma \tau \varepsilon ~ o ́ \tau ı ~ \tau \alpha ~ \pi \varepsilon \rho ı \sigma \sigma o ́ \tau \varepsilon \rho \alpha ~$
 $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha ́ \tau \alpha \xi \eta, ~ \varepsilon 1 \sigma \alpha ́ \gamma \varepsilon \tau \varepsilon$ то "3". То $\tau \varepsilon \lambda \varepsilon v \tau \alpha i ́ o ~ к \varepsilon \lambda i ́ ~ \varepsilon 1 \sigma \alpha \gamma \omega \gamma \eta ์ s ~ \varepsilon i ́ v \alpha ı ~ \eta ~ \alpha \lambda \lambda \alpha \gamma \eta ́ ~ \tau \eta \varsigma ~ \sigma \tau \alpha ́ \theta \mu \eta \varsigma ~ \tau \eta \varsigma$ бт $\alpha \theta \varepsilon \rho \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \kappa \alpha \tau \alpha ́ \sigma \tau \alpha \sigma \eta \varsigma ~ \tau о v ~ v \varepsilon \rho о v ́ . ~ A v \tau \eta ं ~ \eta ~ \pi \alpha \rho \alpha ́ \mu \varepsilon \tau \rho о \varsigma ~ \pi \rho \varepsilon ́ \pi \varepsilon ı ~ v \alpha ~ \mu \varepsilon \tau \rho \eta \theta \varepsilon i ́ ~ \chi \rho \eta \sigma \mu о \pi о ı \dot{v \tau \alpha \varsigma ~ \tau о ~}$










 Poŋ́s $\Sigma \tau \alpha \theta \varepsilon \rho \eta ́ \varsigma ~ K \alpha \tau \alpha ́ \sigma \tau \alpha \sigma \eta \varsigma$.




```
    Eı\sigmaо́үцт\varepsilon т\etaท Aктiva Г\varepsilonஸ́т\rho\eta\sigma\eta\zeta ("а" \sigma\varepsilon cm):
    24.93
    21
    3
```



```
                                    \pi\alphaрака́тю арт0\muои́с):










Res Type 24.93
\begin{tabular}{rc}
\(H\) & 21 \\
\(a\) & 3 \\
\(H / a\) & 7 \\
\(a *\) & 0.04
\end{tabular}
\(\alpha^{*}=0.04 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\)
00.011 .79626
\(C=1.95202\)
\(\mathrm{Q}=0.10471\)
C0.04 1.95202
\(00.12 \quad 2.03675\)
C0.36 2.03675
\[
\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{fs}}=3.34 \mathrm{E}-05 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{sec}
\]
\[
2.00 \mathrm{E}-03 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{min}
\]
C 1.95202
\[
3.34 \mathrm{E}-07 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{ses}
\]
R 0.252
Q. 0.10471
pi 3.1415
\[
\Phi_{\mathrm{m}}=8.34 \mathrm{E}-04 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{min}
\]
```






 $\delta \varepsilon v$ cíval $\varepsilon \gamma \kappa \cup \rho \alpha$.

## $\mathrm{Mévos}^{5} \mathrm{Opos}$

$$
\begin{array}{rl}
K_{f s}= & 1.91 \mathrm{E}-02 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{min} \\
3.19 \mathrm{E}-04 & \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{sec} \\
& \begin{array}{ll}
7.54 \mathrm{E}-03 & \mathrm{inch} / \mathrm{min} \\
& 1.26 \mathrm{E}-04 \\
\mathrm{inch} / \mathrm{sec}
\end{array} \\
& \\
\phi_{m}= & 1.60 \mathrm{E}-01\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{min}\right)
\end{array}
$$











## 














|  | $\alpha *\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{-1}\right)$ | Паро́үоขтас цор甲ท́s |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  <br>  $\chi \omega ́ \rho \omega v$ vүєוоvо $\mu к \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \tau \alpha \varphi \eta ́ \varsigma, ~ \lambda ı \mu \nu \alpha i ́ \alpha ~ \eta ́ ~ \theta \alpha \lambda \alpha ́ \sigma \sigma \iota \alpha$ ๒乌ŋ́ $\mu \alpha \tau \alpha, \kappa . \lambda \pi$. | 0,01 | $C_{1}=\left(\frac{H_{2} / a}{2.081+0.121\left(H_{2} / a\right)}\right)^{0.672}$ |
|  $\sigma \chi \iota \tau \omega \dot{\delta} \eta) \kappa \alpha \iota \mu \eta \delta о \mu \eta \mu \varepsilon ́ v \alpha, \quad \mu \pi о \rho \varepsilon i ́ \varepsilon \pi i ́ \sigma \eta \varsigma v \alpha$ $\sigma \nu \mu \pi \varepsilon \rho і \lambda \eta \varphi \theta$ oúv $\lambda \varepsilon \pi \tau$ oí $\alpha ́ \mu \mu о$. | 0,04 | $\begin{aligned} & C_{1}=\left(\frac{H_{1} / a}{1.992+0.091\left(H_{1} / a\right)}\right)^{0.688} \\ & C_{2}=\left(\frac{H_{2} / a}{1.992+0.091\left(H_{2} / a\right)}\right)^{0.688} \end{aligned}$ |
|  $\mu \varepsilon ́ \chi \rho ı \pi \eta \lambda \omega ́ \delta \varepsilon \varsigma \sigma \cup \mu \pi \varepsilon \rho \imath \lambda \alpha \mu \beta \alpha ́ v \varepsilon \iota \quad \varepsilon \pi i ́ \sigma \eta \varsigma \tau \iota \varsigma \mu \eta$ <br>  <br>  $\gamma \varepsilon \omega \rho \gamma$ кка́ $\chi \omega \dot{\mu} \alpha \tau \alpha$. | 0,12 | $\begin{aligned} & C_{1}=\left(\frac{H_{1} / a}{2.074+0.093\left(H_{1} / a\right)}\right)^{0.784} \\ & C_{2}=\left(\frac{H_{2} / a}{2.074+0.093\left(H_{2} / a\right)}\right)^{0.784} \end{aligned}$ |
|  <br>  <br>  $\mu \alpha к р о \pi о ́ \rho о и я, ~ к . ~ \lambda \pi$. | 0,36 | $\begin{aligned} & C_{1}=\left(\frac{H_{1} / a}{2.074+0.093\left(H_{1} / a\right)}\right)^{0.784} \\ & C_{2}=\left(\frac{H_{2} / a}{2.074+0.093\left(H_{2} / a\right)}\right)^{0.784} \end{aligned}$ |

Пі́voкас 2




 $\tau \omega v \mu \varepsilon$ Өó $\delta \omega v \kappa \alpha ı \tau \omega v \tau ט ́ \pi \omega v ~ \delta \varepsilon \xi \alpha \mu \varepsilon v \omega ́ v$.


 $\sigma v v \delta v \alpha \sigma \mu o ́ s ~ \delta u ́ o ~ \delta \varepsilon \xi \alpha \mu \varepsilon v o ́ v) . ~$







| MéӨodos $\mu$ иovov́ poptíov лíєøๆऽ, | $Q_{1}=\bar{R}_{1} \times 35.22$ | $K_{\mathrm{fs}}=\frac{C_{1} \times Q_{1}}{2 \pi H_{1}^{2}+\pi \alpha^{2} C_{1}+2 \pi\left(\frac{H_{1}}{\alpha^{n}}\right)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\Phi m=\frac{C_{1} \times Q_{1}}{\left(2 \pi H_{1}^{2}+\pi \alpha^{2} C_{1}\right) a^{n}+2 \pi H_{1}}$ |
| MéӨoסos $\mu$ оvov́ poptíov лíєбпऽ, | $Q_{1}=\bar{R}_{1} \times 2.16$ |  |
|  |  |  |
|  $\pi i \varepsilon \sigma \eta \varsigma$ | $Q_{1}=\bar{R}_{1} \times 35.22$ | $G_{1}=\frac{H_{2} C_{1}}{\pi\left(2 H_{1} H_{2}\left(H_{2}-H_{1}\right)+\alpha^{2}\left(H_{1} C_{2}-H_{2} C_{1}\right)\right)}$ |
|  | $Q_{2}=\bar{R}_{2} \times 35.22$ | $G_{2}=\frac{H_{1} C_{2}}{\pi\left(2 H_{1} H_{2}\left(H_{2}-H_{1}\right)+\alpha^{2}\left(H_{1} C_{2}-H_{2} C_{1}\right)\right)}$ |
| MéӨoठos $\delta ı \pi \lambda$ ov́ $\varphi o \rho \tau i ́ o v ~$ $\pi i \not \subset \sigma \eta$ ¢, | $\begin{aligned} & Q_{1}=\bar{R} \times 2.16 \\ & O_{2}=\bar{R}_{2} \times 2.16 \end{aligned}$ | $K_{f s}=G_{2} Q_{2}-G_{1} Q_{1}$ |
| Ебюt¢рıки́ $\delta \varepsilon \xi \alpha \mu \varepsilon \vee \eta ์$ |  | $G_{3}=\frac{\left(2 H_{2}^{2}+a^{2} C_{2}\right) C_{1}}{2 \pi\left(2 H_{1} H_{2}\left(H_{2}-H_{1}\right)+\alpha^{2}\left(H_{1} C_{2}-H_{2} C_{1}\right)\right)}$ |
|  |  | $G_{4}=\frac{\left(2 H_{2}^{2}+a^{2} C_{1}\right) C_{2}}{2 \pi\left(2 H_{1} H_{2}\left(H_{2}-H_{1}\right)+\alpha^{2}\left(H_{1} C_{2}-H_{2} C_{1}\right)\right)}$ |
|  |  |  |

Пıvакас 3

## Үлодоүі́бтє $\tau \eta v \pi \alpha \rho \alpha ́ \mu \varepsilon \tau \rho 0 \alpha:$




$$
\alpha=K_{f s} / \Phi_{m}
$$








## Үлодоүі́бтє $\dot{\alpha} \lambda \lambda \varepsilon \varsigma ~ \sigma \chi \varepsilon \tau เ к \varepsilon ́ \varsigma ~ \pi \alpha \rho \alpha \mu \varepsilon ́ \tau \rho о v \varsigma: ~$

$$
\begin{gathered}
\Delta \theta=\theta_{\mathrm{fs}}-\theta_{\mathrm{l}} \\
S=\sqrt{2(\Delta \theta \mathrm{x} \Phi m)}
\end{gathered}
$$


 vঠатоалоррочŋтько́тๆ $\tau \alpha$ 兀оv $\chi \omega ́ \mu \alpha \tau о \varsigma\left(\mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{~min}^{-1 / 2}\right)$.


## 5.ПEIPAMATIKH $\triangle$ IA



甲аívetaı $\sigma \tau \eta \nu$ عıкóv 5.1




EIKONA 5.2 غтоццaoía $\tau 0 v$ op $\gamma$ ávov
 $5.2 \kappa \alpha 15.3$





Eiкóvo 5.4 इఇucio 1



Eıкóva 5.5 Толоөء́тпбๆ $\pi \varepsilon \rho \alpha \tau о ́ \mu \varepsilon \tau \rho о v ~ \sigma \tau о ~ \sigma \eta \mu \varepsilon i ́ o ~ 1 ~$


$\kappa \alpha \iota \alpha \rho \chi i ́ \sigma \alpha \mu \varepsilon \tau \iota \varsigma \mu \varepsilon \tau \rho \eta ́ \sigma \varepsilon ı$ (єıко́vєऽ 5.7-5.8)





Tı̧ $\tau \iota \mu \varepsilon ́ \varsigma \alpha \pi o ́ ~ \tau \imath \varsigma ~ \mu \varepsilon \tau \rho \eta ́ \sigma \varepsilon ı \varsigma ~ \sigma \tau \alpha ~ \sigma \eta \mu \varepsilon i ́ \alpha ~ 2,3,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,17,20,21 ~ o ́ \pi \omega \varsigma ~ \varphi \alpha i ́ v \varepsilon \tau \alpha ı ~ \sigma \tau \eta v ~$ عıкóva 5.9


Eıкóvo $5.9 \pi \varepsilon \iota \rho \alpha \mu \alpha \tau ı \kappa o ́ ̧ ~ \alpha \gamma \rho o ́ ̧ ~ \sigma \tau \alpha ~ 15 \mathrm{~cm}$


| $\alpha / \alpha$ | £HMEIO |  | £uvtetaүućves |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | x | y | BáӨos (cm) | R 1 $(\mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{min})$ | R2 (cm/min) |
| 1 | 2 | 3/11/2013 | 279544 | 4249143 | 15,20 | 0,04 | 0,70 |
| 2 | 3 | 3/11/2013 | 279538 | 4249160 | 15,40 | 0,24 | 0,98 |
| 3 | 6 | 3/11/2013 | 279529 | 4249211 | 15,80 | 0,10 | 0,20 |
| 4 | 7 | 9/11/2013 | 279526 | 4249230 | 15,20 | 0,06 | 0,02 |
| 5 | 8 | 8/11/2013 | 279510 | 4249232 | 15,60 | 0,06 | 0,08 |
| 6 | 9 | 8/11/2013 | 279507 | 4249215 | 15,70 | 0,04 | 0,04 |
| 7 | 10 | 8/11/2013 | 279513 | 4249204 | 15,10 | 0,06 | 0,08 |
| 8 | 11 | 8/11/2013 | 279518 | 4249183 | 15,67 | 0,08 | 0,22 |
| 9 | 12 | 4/11/2013 | 279522 | 4249166 | 14,35 | 0,10 | 0,34 |
| 10 | 13 | 4/11/2013 | 279527 | 4249147 | 16,00 | 0,52 | 1,06 |
| 11 | 14 | 4/11/2013 | 279532 | 4249129 | 14,80 | 0,18 | 1,20 |
| 12 | 17 | 9/11/2013 | 279507 | 4249160 | 15,20 | 0,08 | 0,04 |
| 13 | 20 | 9/11/2013 | 279499 | 4249214 | 15,90 | 0,06 | 0,10 |
| 14 | 21 | 9/11/2013 | 279498 | 4249230 | 15,70 | 0,02 | 0,00 |



| $\alpha / \alpha$ | EHMEIO |  Head Method) |  | 甲ортíou тíधбทऽ (Double Head Method) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ksf (average) (cm/min) | Ksf (average) (cm/day) | Ksf (cm/min) | Ksf (cm/day) |
| 1 | 2 | 7,68E-03 | 1,11E+01 | 9,42E-02 | 1,36E+02 |
| 2 | 3 | 1,36E-02 | 1,95E+01 | 9,70E-02 | 1,40E+02 |
| 3 | 6 | 3,55E-03 | 5,11E+00 | 1,01E-02 | 1,46E+01 |
| 4 | 7 | 2,59E-04 | 3,73E-01 | ------ | ---- |
| 5 | 8 | 8,65E-04 | 1,25E+00 | ------- | --- |
| 6 | 9 | 4,42E-04 | 6,37E-01 | --------- | -------- |
| 7 | 10 | 8,65E-04 | $1,25 \mathrm{E}+00$ | --- | ------ |
| 8 | 11 | 2,30E-03 | 3,31E+00 | ---- | ----- |
| 9 | 12 | 4,96E-03 | 7,15E+00 | 3,05E-02 | 4,39E+01 |
| 10 | 13 | 1,86E-02 | 2,69E+01 | 5,55E-02 | 7,99E+01 |
| 11 | 14 | 1,49E-02 | 2,14E+01 | 1,40E-01 | 2,02E+02 |
| 12 | 17 | 3,75E-04 | 5,40E-01 | -------- | ------ |
| 13 | 20 | 1,07E-03 | 1,54E+00 | ------- | --- |
| 14 | 21 | 1,90E-05 | 2,74E-02 | -------- | ---- |








LHMEIO 2:



$\Sigma$ HMEIO 3:




LHMEIO 6:




ऽHMEIO 7:




## 上HMEIO 8:




$\Sigma$ HMEIO 9:




2HMEIO 10:







इHMEIO 12:




## इHMEIO 13:





इHMEIO 14:




## इHMEIO 17:





इHMEIO 20:




## इHMEIO 21:




Tıऽ $\tau \downarrow \varepsilon ́ \varsigma ~ \alpha \pi o ́ ~ \tau \imath \varsigma ~ \mu \varepsilon \tau р \eta ́ \sigma \varepsilon ı \varsigma ~ \sigma \tau \alpha ~ \sigma \eta \mu \varepsilon i ́ \alpha ~ 1,4,5,7,15,16,17,18,19,20,21 ~ о ́ \pi \omega \varsigma ~ \varphi \alpha i ́ v \varepsilon \tau \alpha ı ~ \sigma \tau \eta v ~$ عוкóvo 5.12


Eıкóva $5.12 \pi \varepsilon \iota \rho \alpha \mu \alpha \tau$ ıós $\alpha \gamma \rho$ ós $\sigma \tau \alpha 30 \mathrm{~cm}$


| $\alpha / \alpha$ | гHMEIO | Hиع ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | £uVtetaүpદ́ves |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | x | y | BáOos (cm) | R 1 $(\mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{min})$ | R2 (cm/min) |
| 1 | 1 | 1/11/2013 | 279548 | 4249126 | 30,20 | 0,10 | 1,22 |
| 2 | 4 | 2/11/2013 | 279535 | 4249178 | 30,60 | 0,06 | 2,50 |
| 3 | 5 | 1/11/2013 | 279532 | 4249198 | 30,06 | 1,08 | 0,34 |
| 4 | 7 | 31/10/2013 | 279529 | 4249232 | 31,20 | 0,02 | 0,52 |
| 5 | 15 | 5/6/2013 | 279518 | 4249123 | 30,06 | 0,04 | 0,06 |
| 6 | 16 | 7/6/2013 | 279514 | 4249140 | 30,02 | 0,04 | 0,06 |
| 7 | 17 | 6/6/2013 | 279509 | 4249157 | 30,00 | 0,40 | 0,40 |
| 8 | 18 | 4/10/2013 | 279507 | 4249174 | 30,30 | 0,04 | 0,14 |
| 9 | 19 | 15/10/2013 | 279501 | 4249197 | 30,70 | 0,14 | 0,22 |
| 10 | 20 | 18/10/2013 | 279499 | 4249211 | 30,40 | 0,04 | 0,02 |
| 11 | 21 | 6/6/2013 | 279496 | 4249224 | 31,60 | 0,12 | 0,16 |

Пі́vакая 5.13

| $\alpha / \alpha$ | EHMEIO |  Head Method) |  | 甲ортíou тí $\begin{aligned} \\ \text { (Double }\end{aligned}$ Head Method) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ksf (average) (cm/min) | Ksf (average) (cm/day) | Ksf (cm/min) | Ksf (cm/day) |
| 1 | 1 | 1,90E-02 | 2,74E+01 | 6,71E-02 | 9,66E+01 |
| 2 | 4 | 2,14E-03 | $3,08 \mathrm{E}+00$ | 9,37E-03 | 1,35E+01 |
| 3 | 5 | 6,56E-03 | 9,45E+00 | ---------- | ----------- |
| 4 | 7 | 4,60E-04 | 6,63E-01 | 1,91E-03 | 2,75E+00 |
| 5 | 15 | 1,50E-04 | 2,16E-01 | 9,10E-05 | 1,31E-01 |
| 6 | 16 | 1,50E-04 | 2,16E-01 | 9,10E-05 | 1,31E-01 |
| 7 | 17 | 1,79E-02 | 2,58E+01 | -1,11E-02 | -1,60E+01 |
| 8 | 18 | 3,09E-03 | 4,45E+00 | 5,13E-03 | 7,38E+00 |
| 9 | 19 | 7,32E-03 | 1,05E+01 | 1,10E-03 | 1,58E+00 |
| 10 | 20 | 1,53E-03 | 2,21E+00 | -2,36E-03 | -3,40E+00 |
| 11 | 21 | 5,90E-03 | 8,50E+00 | -8,40E-04 | -1,21E+00 |






$\Sigma$ HMEIO 1:




इHMEIO 4:




## $\Sigma$ HMEIO 5:




$\Sigma$ HMEIO 7:




इHMEIO 15:




2HMEIO 16:







2HMEIO 18:




इHMEIO 19:




2HMEIO 20:




LHMEIO 21:


 5.15


Eıкóva 5.15


| $\alpha / \alpha$ | EHMEIO |  | ミuvtetapućves |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | x | y | BáӨos (cm) | R1 (cm/min) | R2 (cm/min) |
| 1 | 1 | 2/11/2013 | 279546 | 4249127 | 62,00 | 0,06 | 0,08 |
| 2 | 4 | 2/11/2013 | 279535 | 4249175 | 60,00 | 0,06 | 0,02 |
| 3 | 5 | 1/11/2013 | 279532 | 4249196 | 60,10 | 0,02 | 0,02 |
| 4 | 7 | 1/11/2013 | 279526 | 4249232 | 60,40 | 0,06 | 0,04 |
| 5 | 15 | 15/6/2013 | 279519 | 4249123 | 60,02 | 0,10 | 0,18 |
| 6 | 16 | 15/6/2013 | 279513 | 4249140 | 60,02 | 0,06 | 0,34 |
| 7 | 17 | 30/10/2013 | 279508 | 4249157 | 60,90 | 0,10 | 0,16 |
| 8 | 18 | 4/10/2013 | 279508 | 4249175 | 59,50 | 0,02 | 0,22 |
| 9 | 19 | 30/10/2013 | 279501 | 4249195 | 60,00 | 0,10 | 0,10 |
| 10 | 20 | 30/10/2013 | 279499 | 4249210 | 60,01 | 0,08 | 0,20 |
| 11 | 21 | 16/6/2013 | 279497 | 4249224 | 60,04 | 0,04 | 0,16 |

Пі́vакая 5.16

| $\alpha / \alpha$ | 2HMEIO |  Head Method) |  | 甲ортíou тízøns (Double Head Method) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ksf (average) (cm/min) | Ksf (average) (cm/day) | Ksf (cm/min) | Ksf (cm/day) |
| 1 | 1 | 1,84E-04 | 2,64E-01 | -2,61E-05 | -3,76E-02 |
| 2 | 4 | 1,35E-04 | 1,95E-01 | -2,59E-04 | -3,73E-01 |
| 3 | 5 | 5,58E-05 | 8,04E-02 | -3,46E-05 | -4,98E-02 |
| 4 | 7 | 1,51E-04 | 2,18E-01 | -1,81E-04 | -2,61E-01 |
| 5 | 15 | 4,11E-04 | 5,92E-01 | 4,98E-04 | 7,17E-01 |
| 6 | 16 | 4,47E-03 | 6,44E+00 | ----------- | ----------- |
| 7 | 17 | 5,26E-03 | 7,58E+00 | 9,64E-04 | 1,39E+00 |
| 8 | 18 | 3,50E-03 | 5,03E+00 | 1,19E-02 | 1,72E+01 |
| 9 | 19 | 4,48E-03 | 6,46E+00 | -2,78E-03 | -4,00E+00 |
| 10 | 20 | 5,15E-03 | 7,41E+00 | 5,26E-03 | 7,58E+00 |
| 11 | 21 | 3,35E-03 | $4,83 \mathrm{E}+00$ | 6,37E-03 | 9,18E+00 |

Пі́vакая 5.17





$\Sigma$ HMEIO 1:




इHMEIO 4:




ᄃHMEIO 5:




इHMEIO 7:




## 2HMEIO 15:





इHMEIO 16:




LHMEIO 17:



इHMEIO 18:




इHMEIO 19:




इHMEIO 20:




LHMEIO 21:




## 6. $\Sigma$ YMПEPALMATA













 $\mu \varepsilon ́ \chi \rho ı ~ \tau о ~ \beta \alpha ́ \theta$ оऽ $\mu \varepsilon \tau \rho \eta ́ \sigma \varepsilon \omega \varsigma, ~ \kappa \alpha ı ~ v \alpha ~ \lambda \alpha \mu ß \alpha ́ v o v \tau \alpha ı ~ \mu \varepsilon ́ \tau \rho \alpha ~ \gamma ı \alpha ~ \tau \eta v ~ \alpha \pi о \varphi v \gamma \eta ́ ~ \delta \eta \mu ı о ט \rho \gamma i ́ \alpha \varsigma ~ \varepsilon \pi i ́ \sigma \tau \rho \omega \sigma \eta \varsigma ~$ бта 兀охळ́ $\mu \alpha \tau \alpha$ тоט $\varphi \rho \varepsilon \alpha \tau i ́ o v ~ \mu \varepsilon ́ \tau \rho \eta \sigma \eta \varsigma, ~ o ́ \pi \omega \varsigma ~ \alpha v \alpha \varphi \varepsilon ́ \rho \varepsilon \tau \alpha ı ~ \kappa \alpha ı ~ \sigma \tau ı \varsigma ~ o \delta \eta \gamma i ́ \varepsilon \varsigma ~ \chi \rho \eta ́ \sigma \eta \varsigma ~ \tau о v ~ o \rho \gamma \alpha ́ v o v . ~$

## 7.ВІВАІОГРАФІА

 $\sigma \tau \alpha \tau \iota \sigma \tau \iota \kappa \eta ́ ~ \varepsilon \pi \varepsilon \xi \check{\rho \gamma \alpha \sigma i ́ \alpha ~ \tau \eta \varsigma ~ v \delta \rho \alpha v \lambda \iota \kappa \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \alpha \gamma \omega \gamma \iota \mu о ́ \tau \eta \tau \alpha \varsigma ~ к о \rho \varepsilon \sigma \mu о и ́ ~ \sigma \tau \eta \nu ~ v ́ \pi \alpha ı \theta \rho о . ~ П \rho \alpha к \tau ı к \alpha ́ ~} 2^{\text {ov }}$



 Iの $\alpha v \vee \eta ~ М \eta ́ \tau \tau \alpha, ~ Е к \delta o ́ \sigma \varepsilon ı \varsigma ~ Z H T H, ~ 535-551 . ~$
 $v \delta \rho \alpha \nu \lambda \iota \kappa \eta ́ \varsigma ~ \alpha \gamma \omega \gamma l \mu o ́ \tau \eta \tau \alpha \varsigma ~ к о \rho \varepsilon \sigma \mu о v ́ ~ \sigma \tau о ~ v ́ \pi \alpha ı \theta \rho о ~ \mu \varepsilon ~ \sigma \tau \alpha \tau \imath \sigma \tau \imath \kappa \varepsilon ́ \varsigma ~ к \alpha l ~ \gamma \varepsilon \omega \sigma \tau \alpha \tau \imath \sigma \tau \imath \kappa \varepsilon ́ \varsigma ~ \mu \varepsilon \theta o ́ \delta o v \varsigma . ~$

4) Reynolds, W.D. and Elrick, D.E., 1987. A laboratory and numerical assessment of the Guelph Permeameter method, Soil Sci., 144: 282-299
5) Reynolds, W.D. and Elrick, D.E., In situ measurement of field-saturated hydraulic conductivity, sorptivity, and the a-Parameter using the Guelph permeameter, 1985, Soil Sci., 140, 293-302.
6) Reynolds, W.D., Elrick, D.E. and Clothier, B.E., The constant head well permeameter: Effect of unsaturated flow, Soil Sci., 1985, 139(2)


8.ПАРАРТНМА





## solmossung Guelph Permeameter Calculations




|  <br>  <br>  |  |  | Calculation formulas related to one-head and two-head methods, Where $R$ is steady-state rate of fall of water in reservoir$(\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{s}), K_{f z}$ is Soil saturated hydraulic conductivity $(\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{s}), \phi_{m}$ is Soil matric flux potential $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{2} / \mathrm{s}\right), a^{*}$ is Macroscopic capillary length parameter (from Table 2), $a$ is Borehole radius (cm), $H_{1}$ is the first head of water established in borehole (cm), $H_{2}$ is the second head of water established in borehole $(\mathrm{cm})$ and $C$ is Shape factor (from Table 2). |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Soil Teture Structure Category | ${ }^{+}\left(\mathrm{mm}^{1}\right)$ | Shape Fastor | One Head, | $Q_{1}=\bar{R}_{1} \times 35.22$ | $K_{f r}=\frac{C_{1} \times Q_{1}}{2 \pi H_{1}^{2}+\pi a^{2} C_{1}+2 \pi\left(\frac{H_{1}}{a^{2}}\right.}$ |
| Compacted, Structure-less, clayey or silty materials such as landfill caps and liners, lacustrine of marine sediments, etc. | 0.01 | $c_{1}=\left(\frac{H_{2 / a}}{2.081+0.121\left(H_{2 / a}\right)}\right)^{0.072}$ | One Head, Inner Reservoir | $Q_{1}=\bar{R}_{1} \times 2.16$ | $\Phi_{m}=\frac{c_{1} \times Q_{1}}{\left(2 \pi H_{1}^{2}+\pi a^{2} C_{1} a^{2}+2 \pi H_{1}\right.}$ |
| Soils which are both fine textured (clayey or silty) and unstructured; may also include some fine sands. | 0.04 |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Two Head, } \\ \text { combined Reservoir }}}{\text { and }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & Q_{1}=\bar{R}_{1} \times 35.22 \\ & Q_{2}=\bar{R}_{2} \times 35.22 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & G_{1}=\frac{H_{2}\left(2 H_{1} H_{1}\left(H_{2}\left(H_{2}-H_{1}\right)+a^{2}\left(H_{1} C_{2}-H_{2} C_{1}\right)\right)\right.}{\pi(2)_{1}} \\ & \sigma_{2}=\frac{H_{2}\left(2 H_{1} H_{2}\left(H_{2}-H_{2}\right)+a^{2}\left(H_{1} C_{2}-H_{2} C_{1}\right)\right)}{} \end{aligned}$ |
|  categry most frequenty applicabice for agriculurual | 0.12 | $c_{1}=\left(\frac{H_{1} / a}{2.074+0.093}{ }^{H_{1} / a}\right)^{\alpha / 2 \pi / 4}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & K_{f}^{f}=G_{2} Q_{2}-G_{1} Q_{1} \\ & c_{3}=\frac{\left.\left(2 H_{3}^{2}+a^{2} c_{2}\right)_{2}\right)}{2 \pi\left(2 H_{1} H_{2} H_{2}\left(H_{2}-H_{1}\right)+a^{2}\left(H_{1} C_{2}-H_{2} C_{1}\right)\right)} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | (2074+0.093(\%/a) |  | $Q_{1}=\bar{R}_{1} \times 2.16$ | $\sigma_{4}=\frac{\left(2 H_{1}^{2}+a^{2} c_{1}\right) c_{2}\left(2 H_{1} H_{2} H_{2}\left(H_{2}-H_{1}\right)+a^{2}\left(H_{1} c_{2}-H_{2} C_{12}\right)\right.}{2 \pi}$ |
| Coarse and gravely sands; may also include some highly rnotured soils with large and or numerous cracks, macro pores, etc. | 0.36 |  |  | $Q_{2}=\bar{R}_{2} \times 2.16$ |  |











solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square_{\text {Result }}^{\text {Inout }}$

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solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square_{\text {Result }}^{\text {Input }}$




soilmolstune Guelph Permeameter Calculations

soimossurue Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square$ Input

Double Head Method

| Double Head Method |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reseevoir Cossssectional aree in $\mathrm{cm}^{4}$ |  |
|  |  |
| Enter the first water Head Height (" H 1 " in cm ): Enter the second water Head Height ("H2" in cm): |  |
|  |  |
| Enter the soil texture-structure category (enter one of the below numbers): ( Compacted, structure-less, clayey or silty materials such as <br> 1. Compacted, Structure-less, clayey or silty materials such landfill caps and liners, lacustrine or marine sediments, etc. <br> 2. Soils which are both fine textured (clayey or silty) and <br> unstructured; may also include some fine sands. <br> 3. Most structured soils from clays through loams; also includes <br> unstructured medium and fine sands. The category most frequently applicable for agricultural soils. <br> 4. Coarse and gravely sands; may also include some highly structured soils with large and/or numerous cracks, macropors, etc |  |
|  |  |
|  | $\alpha^{*}=0,12$ |
| $\alpha=0.04$ |  |
|  |  |
| $a_{1}=0,002180$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{c}_{2}=1,666893$ |
| C2-0.01: 1.51838 |  |
| C2-0.04: 1.62921 |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| $\mathrm{G}_{4}=0,010352$ |  |
|  |  |
| $\oplus_{m}=7,33 \mathrm{E}-05 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{min}$ |  |
| $\theta_{\mathrm{t}}=0,65 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |  |
| $\theta_{i}=0,4 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |  |
| Sorptivity 0,0061 (mmmin) |  |



solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square$ Resur

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| :---: |
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Double Head Method

| Double Head Method |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reservoir Cross-sectional area in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ <br> (enter " 35.22 " for Combined and "2.16" for Inner reservoir): |  |
|  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Enter the first water Head Height (" } \mathrm{H} 1 \text { " in } \mathrm{cm} \text { ): } \\ & \text { Enter the second water Head Height (" } \mathrm{H} 2 \text { " in } \mathrm{cm} \text { ): } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |
| Enter the soil teturestructure categor (enter one of the below numbers:\|] |  |
| 1. Compacted, Structure-less, clayey or silty materials such as landfill caps and liners, lacustrine or marine sediments, etc. 2. Soils which are both fine textured (clayey or silty) and unstructured; may also include some fine sands. <br> 3. Most structured soils from clays through loams; also includes unstructured medium and fine sands. The category most frequently applicable for agricultural soils. <br> 4. Coarse and gravely sands; may also include some highly structured soils with large and/or numerous cracks, macropors, etc |  |
|  | $\alpha^{*}=0{ }^{\text {cm }}$ |
| $\alpha=$ \#\#\#\#\#\# |  |
| Steady State Rate of Water Level Change ("R1" in $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{min}$ ) Steady State Rate of Water Level Change ("R2" in $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{min}$ ): |  |
| $a_{1}=0,000000$ |  |
| Res Type: $0 \quad \mathrm{Q}_{2}=0,000000$ |  |
|  |  |
| C1-0.01: ${ }^{\text {atamat }}$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| $\mathrm{G}_{4}=$ \#SIAIP/0! |  |
|  |  |
| $\oplus_{m}=$ \# $\triangle$ IAIP/0! $\mathrm{cm}^{2} /$ min |  |
| $\theta_{\mathrm{t}}=0,65 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |  |
| $\theta_{i}=0,4 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |  |
| Sorrtivity \#\#IAIP/0! (cm min-*) |  |




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solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square$ Resur

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| :---: |
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Double Head Method

| Double Head Method |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reservoir Gross-sectional area in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ (enter " 35.22 " for Combined and " 2.16 " for Inner reservoir): |  |
|  |  |
| Enter the first water Head Height ("H1" in cm) Enter the second water Head Height (" H 2 " in cm ): |  |
| Enter the Borenole Rafius ( $\mathrm{a}^{\text {a }}$ in mm): |  |
| Enter the soil texture-structure category (enter one of the below numbers): <br> 1. Compacted, Structure-less, clayey or silty materials such as landfill caps and liners, lacustrine or marine sediments, etc. 2. Soils which are both fine textured (clayey or silty) and unstructured; may also include some fine sands. <br> 3. Most structured soils from clays through loams; also includes unstructured medium and fine sands. The category most frequently applicable for agricultural soils. <br> 4. Coarse and gravely sands; may also include some highly structured soils with large and/or numerous cracks, macropors, etc |  |
|  |  |
|  | $\alpha^{*}=0 \quad \mathrm{~cm}$ |
|  | $\alpha=$ ="\#\#\#\#\#\# |
| Steady State Rate of Water Level Change ("R1" in $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{min}$ ): Steady State Rate of Water Level Change ("R2" in $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{min}$ ): |  |
|  | $\mathrm{a}_{1}=0,000000$ |
| Res Type: 0 | $\mathrm{a}_{2}=0,000000$ |
| H1/a: \#\#\#\#\#\# | $c_{1}=0,000000$ |
| C1-0.01: ${ }_{\text {H2/ }}^{\text {Hemmat }}$ | $\mathrm{c}_{2}=0,000000$ |
|  | $\mathrm{G}_{1}=$ \# $\mathrm{ALAIP} / 0!$ |
| C2-0.04: \#\#\#\#\#\# |  |
| C2-0.12: | $\mathrm{G}_{2}=$ WIAIP/ |
| C1-0.36: \#\#\#\#\# C2-0.3: \#numit | $\mathrm{G}_{3}=$ \# $\mathrm{ALAIP} / 0$ ! |
|  | $\mathrm{G}_{4}=$ \# AIAIP/0! $^{\text {a }}$ |
|  |  |
|  | $\Theta_{m}=\# \Delta\|A\| P / 0!\mathrm{cm}^{2} / \mathrm{min}$ |
|  | $\theta_{6}=0,65 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |
|  | $\theta_{i}=0,4 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ |
|  | Sorptivity \# \#IAIP/0! (cmmin*) |



soimossurue Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square$ Input

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solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square$ Resur

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solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
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 $\oplus_{m}=2,68 \mathrm{E}-03 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} /$ min $\omega_{m}=0,65 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$

$\theta_{\mathrm{t}}=0$, | $\theta_{i}=$ | 0,4 | $\mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sorrotivity | 0,0366 | $\left(\mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{~min}^{2}\right)$ |




soimossurue Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square$ Resur









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solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square$ Resur





 $\begin{aligned} 50^{\prime} 0 & =D \\ 2 \mathrm{I}^{\prime} 0 & ={ }^{2} \mathrm{D}\end{aligned}$

$a_{1}=0,001453$
$a_{2}=0,002180$
$c_{1}=0,803154$


N
0

号 $\Theta_{m}=28{ }^{2}=0,65 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$

$\boldsymbol{\theta}_{\mathrm{t}}=0$. | $\theta_{i}=$ | 0,4 | $\mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sorptivity | 0,0038 | $\left(\mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{~min}^{2}\right)$ |




solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square$ Resur

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|  |
| 2,70E-06 |
| 5,71E.05 $\mathrm{cm}^{2} / \mathrm{mm}$ |



solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square$ Resur








$c_{2}=1,287543$

N
0
0
$\mathrm{G}_{4}=0,0224148$
$\mathrm{~K}_{\mathrm{t}}=1,52 \mathrm{E}=-06 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{sec}$
号

 | $\theta_{i}=$ | 0,4 | $\mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sorptivity | 0,0038 | $\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{2} \mathrm{~min}^{-n)}\right)$ |




solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square$ Resur

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| :---: |
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Double Head Method

| Double Head Method |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reservoir Cross-sectional area in $\mathrm{cm}^{4}$ |  |
| Enter the first water Head Height ("H1" in cm ):Enter the second water Head Height ("H2" in cm ): |  |
| Enter the Borenole Radius ("za in cm ): |  |
| Enter the soil texture-structure category (enter one of the below numbers): 1. Compacted, Structure-less, clayey or silty materials such as <br> 1. Compacted, structure-less, clayey or silty materials such landfill caps and liners, lacustrine or marine sediments, etc. <br> 2. Soils which are both fine textured (clayey or silty) and <br> unstructured; may also include some fine sands. <br> 3. Most structured soils from clays through loams; also includes <br> unstructured medium and fine sands. The category most frequently applicable for agricultural soils. <br> 4. Coarse and gravely sands; may also include some highly structured soils with large and/or numerous cracks, macropors, etc |  |
|  |  |
|  | $\alpha^{*}=0 \mathrm{~cm}^{*}$ |
| $\alpha=$ ¢\#\#\#\#\#\#\# |  |
| Steady State Rate of Water Level Change ("R1" in cm/min): Steady State Rate of Water Level Change ("R2" in cm/min): |  |
|  | $\mathrm{a}_{1}=0,000000$ |
| Res Type: 0 | $\mathrm{a}_{2}=0,000000$ |
| H1/as: "\#\#um\# | $c_{1}=0,000000$ |
|  | $\mathrm{c}_{2}=0,000000$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{G}_{3}=$ \#DIAIP/0! |
| C2-0.36: '\#\#\#\#\#\# | $\mathrm{G}_{4}=$ \#DIAIP/ $/$ ! |
|  |  |
|  | $๑_{m}=$ \#LIAIP/0! $\mathrm{cm}^{2} / \mathrm{min}$ |
|  | $\theta_{\mathrm{t}}=0,65 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |
|  | $\theta_{i}=0,4 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |
|  | Sorptivity \#AIAIP/O! (cm min*) | $\xrightarrow{\text { L }}$



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solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square$ Resur

Double Head Method

| Double Head Method |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reservoir Cross-sectional area in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ <br> (enter " 35.22 " for Combined and "2.16" for Inner reservoir): |  |
|  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Enter the first water Head Height (" } \mathrm{H} 1 \text { " in } \mathrm{cm} \text { ): } \\ & \text { Enter the second water Head Height (" } \mathrm{H} 2 \text { " in } \mathrm{cm} \text { ): } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Enter the Borenole Rafius ("amin m) |  |
| Enter the soil teturestructure categor (enter one of the below numbers:\|] |  |
| 1. Compacted, Structure-less, clayey or silty materials such as landfill caps and liners, lacustrine or marine sediments, etc. 2. Soils which are both fine textured (clayey or silty) and unstructured; may also include some fine sands. <br> 3. Most structured soils from clays through loams; also includes unstructured medium and fine sands. The category most frequently applicable for agricultural soils. <br> 4. Coarse and gravely sands; may also include some highly structured soils with large and/or numerous cracks, macropors, etc |  |
|  | $\alpha^{*}=0{ }^{\text {cm }}$ |
| $\alpha=$ ᄃ\#\#\#\#\#\#\# |  |
| Steady State Rate of Water Level Change ("R1" in $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{min}$ ) Steady State Rate of Water Level Change ("R2" in $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{min}$ ): |  |
| $a_{1}=0,000000$ |  |
| Res Type: $0 \quad \mathrm{Q}_{2}=0,000000$ |  |
| H1/a: "\#\#\#\#\#\# ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |
| C1-0.01: ${ }^{\text {atamat }}$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| $\Theta_{m}=$ \#LIAIP/0! $\mathrm{cm}^{2} / \mathrm{min}$ |  |
| $\theta_{\mathrm{t}}=0,65 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |  |
| $\theta_{i}=0,4 \quad \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |  |
| Sorrtivity \#DIAIP/O! (mm min*) |  |



solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
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## soimolsture Guelph Permeameter Calculations





solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
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solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
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solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
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| $\substack{\text { Two Head } \\ \text { Imene Reservir }}$ | $Q_{2}=\bar{R}_{2} \times 2.16$ | $\phi_{m}=\sigma_{3} Q_{1}-\sigma_{1} Q_{2}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |

## solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations




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solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square$ Resur

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solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square_{\text {Result }}^{\text {inut }}$

Double Head Method

| Double Head Method |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reservoir Cross-sectional area in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ (enter " 35.22 " for Combined and " 2.16 " for Inner reservoir): |  |
|  |  |
| Enter the first water Head Height ("H1" in cm) Enter the second water Head Height (" H 2 " in cm ): |  |
|  |  |
| Enter the soil texture-structure category (enter one of the below numbers): <br> 1. Compacted, Structure-less, clayey or silty materials such as landfill caps and liners, lacustrine or marine sediments, etc. <br> 2. Soils which are both fine textured (clayey or silty) and unstructured; may also include some fine sands. <br> 3. Most structured soils from clays through loams; also includes unstructured medium and fine sands. The category most frequently applicable for agricultural soils. <br> 4. Coarse and gravely sands; may also include some highly structured soils with large and/or numerous cracks, macropors, etc |  |
|  |  |
|  | $\alpha^{*}=0 \quad \mathrm{~cm}$ |
|  | $\alpha=$ '\#\#IAIP/0! |
| Steady State Rate of Water Level Change ("R1" in $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{min}$ ): Steady State Rate of Water Level Change ("R2" in $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{min}$ ): |  |
|  | $\mathrm{a}_{1}=0,000000$ |
|  | $\mathrm{a}_{2}=0,000000$ |
| Type <br> H1/a: :\#\#\#\#\# | $c_{1}=0,000000$ |
|  | $\mathrm{c}_{2}=0,000000$ |
| ${ }_{\text {C2 }}^{\text {C2-0.0.0. }}$ (1):"\#\#\#\#\# | $\mathrm{G}_{1}=$ \#\#IAIP/0! |
| C2-0.04: "패패 |  |
| C1-0.12:"\#\#\#\#\# | $\mathrm{G}_{2}=$ \# $\mathrm{ALAIP} / 0$ ! |
|  | $\mathrm{G}_{3}=$ \# \#IAIP/0! |
| C2-0.36:'„\#\#\#\#\# |  |
|  |  |
|  | $\Theta_{m}=\# \Delta\|A\| P / 0!\mathrm{cm}^{2} / \mathrm{min}$ |
|  | $\theta_{t}=0,65 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |
|  | $\theta_{i}=0,4 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ |
|  | Sorptivity \# \#IAIP/0! (cmmin*) |



solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square_{\text {Result }}^{\text {mpout }}$


| Single Head Method (1) | Single Head Method (2) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} \text { Reservoir Cross-sectional area in cm" } & \\ \text { (enter "35.22" for Combined and "2.16" for Inner reservoir): } & 35,02 \\ \text { Enter water Head Height ("H" in cm): } & 5 \\ \text { Enter the Borehole Radius (" } \mathrm{a} \text { " in } \mathrm{cm} \text { ): } & \mathbf{3}\end{aligned}$ | Reservoir Cross-sectional area in $\mathrm{cm}{ }^{2}$  <br> (enter "35.22" for Combined and " 2.16 " for Inner reservoir): 35,02 <br> Enter water Head Height (" H " in cm ): 15 <br> Enter the Borehole Radius (" a " in cm ): 3 |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{110}$ | ter the soil texture-structure category (enter one of the below numbers): <br> 1. Compacted, Structure-less, clayey or silty materials such as <br> landfill caps and liners, lacustrine or marine sediments, etc. 2. Soils which are both fine textured (clayey or silty) and <br> unstructured; may also include some fine sands. <br> 3. Most structured soils from clays through loams; also includes <br> unstructured medium and fine sands. The category most frequently <br> applicable for agricultural soils. <br> 4. Coarse and gravely sands; may also include some highly <br> structured soils with large and/or numerous cracks, macropors, etc <br> Steady State Rate of Water Level Change (" $R$ " in $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{min}$ ): $\quad 0,1600$ Res Type 35,02 $\square$ |  |
| Steady State Rate of Water Level Change ("R" in cm/min): $\quad \mathbf{0 , 1 2 0 0}$ Res Type $\begin{array}{rl}35,02 \\ H & 5\end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\circ}{ }^{3}{ }^{3}$ |  |  | -0,12 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & c=1,66693 \\ & Q=0,09387 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | = $6,93 \mathrm{Em}, 05 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{mec}$ |
|  |  | ${ }_{\text {cose }}^{\text {co.36 } 1.667} \mathrm{C}, 1,67$ |  |
| $\underbrace{\text { R }}_{\text {R }}$ |  |  |  |
| pil 3,142 |  |  | $0_{m}=5,786.04 \mathrm{~cm}$ |



solmosisuna Guelph Permeameter Calculations
$\square$ Resur




